PTURE!

Cure of an Enorm[illegible] Rup-
22 Years' Standing, by
Use of Dr. Marsh's
Patent Truss.

llowing Letter fr[illegible] Mr.
Fatz, who was Cured
n Nine Months.

SAN FRANCIS[illegible], June 3, 1870.
hat I have worn Dr. Marsh's Patent
me months, and have been RADICAL-
y two years' standing. By Rupture
ost any child's head, but now I am
e to do any laborious or hard work.
re, JACOB FATZ, 502 Pacific street.

RSH'S PATENT RADICAL Obstr
her kinds of Trusses, Shoulder-Braces
c Stockings, Suspensory Bandages
formities accurately fitted at the Ra
ce of the MARSH TRUSS COMPANY,
y street, corner of Commercial, San

phlets free to any one upon applicat
jel7d4p3mw4m

. SPAULDING,
ng & Repairing
LISHMENT,
St., bet. Front
Bat'y.

AMOTYPES.
DING'S PATENT FA[illegible]
ULAR SAWS.
WS of all sizes also, Or
k, Butcher, and Head Saw
cost of Saw Arbor
PLANER KNIVES and
ombined, or Matcher on
. KNAPP, BURR
Portland, Oregon, Washington
ght to order, by telegraph
rders can be sent to me by

LIEBENFELD'S
TABLE MANUFACTORY,
ET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
Sole Agents
On the Pacific Coast

AN & GOLLENDER'S
REVERSIBLE TABLE, patented June 28,
EUREKA WIRE CUSHION, patented
the 2 leaves, and Combination
ALLED SEWALL PLATE CUSHION,
of Billiard Tables, called M[illegible]
872.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND, OREGON FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1873. NO 140

Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY
THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.
THE OREGONIAN is published every morning, and delivered by carriers to subscribers at 25 cents a week. Single copies 5 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the United States, postage paid in advance, $5 for three months, $10 for six months, $20 per year. Published every Saturday, at $3 per year, postage paid in advance. Subscriptions for the Daily, will be published every day, and delivered by Mail to any part of the United States, postage paid in advance, $6 for six months, $12 per year. Subscriptions for the Weekly, at the end of the time for which they are paid, should renew at least two weeks before the expiration, as papers are stopped promptly upon the address label. Office, Morrison street, between First and Stark streets.
ADVERTISING RATES.—L. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21 Merchants' Exchange, California street.

Professional Cards.

DR. D. PILKINGTON M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.
OFFICE HOURS—9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4, and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. G. ROSENK,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
OFFICE—ONE DOOR NORTH OF THE POST OFFICE, ON AND PINE.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
Office and residence on Second street, between Salmon and Oak streets. Calls attended to promptly, day or night. Office hours—10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Refers to A. Holman, M. D., as a Remedial Agent.

Law Cards.

[illegible] & LOVEJOY,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
Office—Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, Second and Washington Streets, Portland.

JOHN B. WALDO,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office—Over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Washington street, between First and Second, Portland, Oregon.

C. E. THOMPSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office—Over Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon.

[illegible] KILLIN,
Attorney at Law,
Office—Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, N. W. cor. Washington and First streets, Portland, Oregon.

[illegible] SMITH
Attorney at Law,
Office—Over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Washington street, between First and Second, Portland, Oregon.

W. [illegible],
Attorney at Law,
Office—Over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Washington street, between First and Second, Portland, Oregon.

[illegible] & [illegible]
Attorneys at Law,
Office—Over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Washington street, between First and Second, Portland, Oregon.

[illegible] & [illegible]
Attorneys at Law,
Office—Over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Washington street, between First and Second, Portland, Oregon.

[illegible] & [illegible]
Attorneys at Law,
Office—Over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Washington street, between First and Second, Portland, Oregon.

Business Cards.

[illegible] & [illegible]
DEALERS IN
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Furs, Robes, Gloves, Mittens, Etc.
No. 1 Washington street, Portland, Oregon

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1873

MEETING OF THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The Republican State Central Committee will meet at KUSHNA CITY, on THURSDAY THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1873, at 7 30 o'clock P M, to arrange for the approaching election of a member of Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. J G Wilson, and for such other business as may be deemed proper. A full attendance of the members of the Committee is desired.

C W PARRISH, Chairman

Portland, July 14, 1873

Another New Party Scheme.

It appears, if we are to believe the dispatches, that the various trades unions and guilds in the United States are contemplating the formation of a new political party, or rather, that they have been contemplating such action, and have finally resolved to undertake its accomplishment. The President of the National Industrial Congress, a representative body claiming to be composed of delegates from the various local trade organizations throughout the country, stated definitely at the opening of the session a few days since that one of the objects of the present meeting of the general body was the formation of a new political party.

Of course this congress does not represent all the guilds and societies of the kind mentioned that exist in the United States. How many it does represent we have no special information. It is easy for the assembly to pass resolutions declaring itself to represent all the people in the country having interests similar to those of its members. In fact, that is just what such bodies are accustomed to do, whether the whole or a thousandth part of such people actually have representatives present. A half dozen politicians get together, in pursuance of a public notice given by some unauthorized individual, and pass resolutions declarative of the sense of the "Republican party," or the "Democratic party," as the case may be, upon the gravest question. A baker's dozen of trades people, who do most of their labor with the unruly member, will organize themselves into a club and issue a statement of their peculiar views or purposes on some subject, as an expression of the unanimous sentiment of the working men of the city or State. Or a handful of active and patriotic citizens, of any and all classes, will meet on a day's notice, and proclaim the sentiments entertained by "this entire community, in mass meeting assembled." These things are of almost daily occurrence, and though they are deemed of so little importance in the immediate vicinity of the performance, that no one pays much attention to them, they may create quite an impression abroad, where people possess no information in regard to the real facts except that imparted by the published reports of these exaggerated proceedings.

To what extent this industrial convention is one of these bodies whose importance lies chiefly in the magnificence of its pretensions and the comprehensive language of its proceedings, we are unable to state. Certain it is, that its proposition to form a new political party, which is, in some way, to confer power upon the class of people commonly spoken of as "working men"—all the people who live by the work of their hands—is a proposition which in some form has come to the surface at short intervals and in various ways ever since the close of the war. Working men's candidates for local offices, have been common, and a working-man's candidate for President of the United States came into the world just before the last election—came stillborn, it is true, but came nevertheless.

These facts evidence that the working people are, or think they are, denied some valuable right by the existing political parties. The working men of America, the mechanics and laboring people, are not disposed to become fomenters of strife without cause. They are not brawlers. When they manifest a disposition to overturn the existing order of things, it is because they honestly believe themselves oppressed.

But the time has not yet come when they can form a political party and carry it into power. If that time ever comes, it will be when the density of our population bringing, as increasing population always does bring, a still greater proportion of trades people to the whole population, shall cut off, to a great extent, the resources which each individual working man now has against the oppressions of capital. Until that time, there will be too many other questions prominent, and too many different minds among the working men themselves to allow such a party to succeed. The thing for these trades-folk to do now, if they would serve themselves and their country, is to insist on greater economy and purity in the administration of the Government by the parties already in existence; to urge the recognition of the right of themselves, in common with all other American citizens, to have the laws honestly and faithfully executed; to demand that virtue, and not vice, shall be held as a qualification for official position; to stand upon their dignity as members of a community in which personal character is the only passport to social position, and upon their individual manhood, and cast their influence and their votes for honesty and against dishonesty, for good men and against bad men, without stopping to ask whether or not the candidate believes Jackson was right in suppressing the United States Bank, McClellan in changing his base on the Potomac, or Andy Johnson in swinging round the circle; in short, to do just as the Iowa Republican State Convention declares all Americans ought to do. consider the party as an instrument to be used for putting the control of public affairs into the hands of good and true men, and never, under any circumstances, to be used to put bad men into office.

The Government at Washington seems to be in a peck of trouble over Carl Vogt. Vogt has been a candidate for the impressive ceremony of extradition for several months, and our dispatches have transported him a dozen times. We are informed this morning, however, that he will soon be released from custody. Vogt is charged with the murder of Chevalier de Bianco, at Brussels, about a year ago, and with the burning of the chateau of the murdered man to conceal the crime.

The New York *Herald* vouches for this reminiscence of ancient politics. "Patrick Henry once called Governor Giles, of Virginia, a 'bob-tailed politician.' Giles demanded an explanation. Henry responded. 'I do not recollect having called you a 'bob-tailed politician' at any time, but think it probable I have. Not recollecting the time or occasion, I cannot say what I did mean, but if you will tell me what you think I meant, I will say whether you are correct or not.' Giles subsided."

"J. G." Again, Without the "P."

The *Bulletin* grows furious at our gentle allusion to the letter of J. G. puffing Mr. Holladay. Nobody is surprised at this, it is expected that paper will get excited at anything that does not suit Mr. Holladay. That is what he keeps it for. We really intended, however, to touch J. G.'s effort very tenderly, and thought we had done so. But our neighbor thinks that we are cynical, and expresses the opinion that a person who will refuse to lick Mr. Holladay's feet will "bolt" some day or other if he gets a good chance. We confess our inability to perceive what logical connection exists between J. G.'s adulation of his master, and the general doctrine of bolting. J. G. himself has never been recognized as a very ardent opposer of "bolting," and has declared within less than a week that he will not support the Republican candidate for Congress, except upon certain conditions specified by him. We must do him the justice to say that his conditions are such as arise out of what are, in our judgment, sound sentiments, and we can fully indorse them, except so far as making them conditions precedent to our support of the Republican candidate; and we only refer to the matter to show what sort of a party man J. G. is. He probably takes his ideas of party allegiance from the *Bulletin*, which openly justified the action of the two committeemen who bolted because they could not control the other seven, in the late city election; but we are glad to be able to add, to the credit of J. G., that he does not get his ideas of political honesty and the personal qualifications for office-holding from the same source. If he did he would be far from making his party fealty conditional upon moral considerations.

As to his letter being simply a puff of Holladay and a series of misrepresentations of other people, the document on its face shows it to be the one, and we are prepared to prove that it is the other—whether so intended or not—if J. G. sees fit to "shape himself" for it.

Now we have no objection to J. G.'s writing puff story letters about the man whom he has chosen as his *beau ideal* of a great and good man, nor to the *Bulletin's* publishing such essays. Indeed, it is, we presume, a pleasant exercise to all parties concerned, and financially profitable to all but the puffee; and we like to see them enjoying themselves. Nor do we see very clearly how we could help ourselves if didn't like it. So long as the "old man" owns a hand organ and a man to turn the crank, and likes hand organ music, we suppose he will be happy whether we like it or not. But this happy man must excuse us from taking any part in the hand organ concert. We never do it. When it comes to genuine music—a full chorus for the great Republican party, with just as little of the organ accompaniment as will suffice to keep the voices together, count us in. And we hope howsoever faintly, still we hope yet to see J. G., and perhaps the White Elephant, and possibly even the "old man," himself, realize the shabby spectacle this hand-organ business presents to those who are not inclined to participate in it, and abandon it for some legitimate occupation.

The Church of Rome has persistently waged war against secret societies, such as the Masonic order, but it seems somewhat of a stretch to include labor organizations in its prohibitions. There is nothing occult in the management of a Printers' Union. And yet the Bishop of Montreal lately refused to allow a deceased Catholic printer burial in consecrated ground. His membership in the Union was his only offense. The decision created a good deal of excitement, and the prelate finally consented to allow the interment to take place in that part of the cemetery allotted to unbaptized infants. The Cincinnati *Gazette* is responsible for the facts.

Le Siecle is intensely dissatisfied with the new order of things in France. The Republic has brought something besides a dangerous tranquility, it thinks. Here is a specimen of its strong language: "At the revolution of July, 1830, thieves were shot. In February, 1848, they were threatened to be shot. In September, 1870, thieves were armed and admitted to the National Guard. In March, 1871, thieves received epaulets and feathers, and were made majors, colonels and generals. They shot gendarmes, priests, judges and honest folks. This is progress!"

The new-fashioned degrees which the smaller institutions are in the habit of conferring so lavishly, have so exasperated the Worcester (Mass.) *Spy*, that it suggests as an appropriate sequence to the "M. E. L." (Mistress of English Literature), conferred by a Ladies' Seminary in New Jersey, the degree "M. P. A."—Master of Primary Arithmetic—for the lowest grade of schools.

The Boston *Advertiser* says the manufacturers of nails in New England have unanimously agreed to stop their works during the greater part of the months of July and August. The reason alleged is that heavy stocks of nails have accumulated, and the market price has thereby been crowded down below the manufacturing cost.

General Lew Wallace says of his new novel on the conquest of Mexico, to be issued in the Fall by the Osgoods, that he wrote the most of it twenty-five years ago. Then the General has surpassed the Horatian rule of modesty.

How any compositor could make *divinity* out of *dinity*, we can't possibly understand. Such a blunder takes the point right off a poem. See last week's *Mercury*.

The Boston *Transcript* wittily asks if the Pi-Utes are a secret Greek letter society, and if any one is to deliver a poem and oration before it this year.

"The peculiar social ethics of the South illustrated by a tragedy," is the way in which the Cincinnati *Gazette* speaks of the Rhett-Cooley murder.

Senator Ferry, of Connecticut, is again down with a a paralytic stroke

The Fourth was celebrated at Fort Lapwai by base ball, horse and foot races.

Wild hay is abundant and cheap at Lewiston, I. T.

The New York *Herald* in commenting on the fate of the young couple who "went down to death into the awful abyss of the Horseshoe Fall, Niagara," says.

These unfortunate people, ignorant of their danger, went out on the river from Chippewa for the enjoyment of a sail, and were drawn by the smooth, but treacherous and powerful current into the rapids before they fully comprehended their terrible situation. And hardly a summer passes away at Niagara without some such terrible misfortune. Surely the inhabitants on both sides of the river should know enough from these oft repeated disasters, not only to avoid on their own part the danger but to prevent strangers from committing themselves to the deceitful stream, which in a moment may have them within their grasp, beyond all hope of human deliverance.

The Goodrich Murder

A New York dispatch of the 12th inst. furnishes the following.

The Brooklyn *Eagle*, says regarding the appearance of the prisoner:

"It took but a few moments to create among the bystanders the impression that they were looking upon an insane woman, and the woman is undoubtedly insane, if ordinary indications of lunacy are to be relied on. She sat there for full half an hour, smiling and chatting pleasantly, a strange, wild light beaming from her eyes all the while. It was impossible to converse with her, although she talked sensibly, without being almost absolutely convinced of her insanity. Miss Handly, in an interview with a a reporter, stated that the prisoner was six years ago a lunatic and an inmate of a lunatic asylum, and that her insanity was caused by disappointment in love."

The *Eagle* also says: "When the Chief of Police asked the prisoner to hand him the locket, which is a very large one, she was at first loth to comply, but seeing that resistance was useless she passed it over. On receiving it, the Chief took hold of it to open it. 'Oh, be careful!' said she, 'there is some mineral in that which I don't want to lose.' Despite the utmost care, a little portion of the 'mineral' escaped and fell on the floor, when she picked it up promptly, put it in her mouth and swallowed it. 'What did you do that for?' said the Chief, looking steadily into her eyes. She said, 'That is Charles Goodrich's blood.' And sure enough, upon close examination, the locket was found to be filled with congealed blood. A few questions elicited the fact that on leaving Goodrich's house on that Friday morning, she had taken away with her, among other articles, a cup full of blood which had oozed from his brain. This blood had congealed, and she had been eating a little of it every day since the tragedy up to the time of her capture."

The Vienna Exposition.

Vienna correspondents continue to write disparagingly of the American display at the Exposition, as regards space occupied in the Industrial Palace. In the Machinery Hall and Agricultural Hall, the American exhibitors are pre-eminent; but Americans will be judged by their display in the Palace, as visitors there are ten times the number of those finding their way to the former buildings. One writer describes the American gallery in the Industrial Palace as suggestive of our Western States—a great expanse of territory with very little in it. Among the works of art spoken of as creditable to Americans, are a collection of stereoscopic views of Niagara, and California scenery, by Bierstadt. Three San Francisco artists exhibit photographs of Yosemite Valley scenery and of the Mariposa Big Trees. Apart from the striking character of the scenery in these latter pictures, the excellency of workmanship gains them universal admiration, and they are not equaled by any other landscape photographs on exhibition. In the group of mining and metallurgy there are thirty-six exhibitors. The American display is good, compared with that of other nations; but not half as good as it should be. The silver and gold ores of Utah, Nevada and California are fairly represented in a collection furnished by an amateur collector, W. Costie, of San Francisco. California wines are also creditably represented. On the whole, however, America is most conspicuous in the absence of her best productions.

THE NEW ORLEANS DUEL.—R. B. Rhett, the young fire-eater who killed Judge Cooley in a shotgun duel near New Orleans, is a fair specimen of the class of Southerners who usually fight duels. He is not over thirty years of age, small, red-headed, conceited, and a full blooded rebel. He figures in the dispatches as "editor of the *Picayune*," although he only holds a subordinate and entirely [illegible] position in the office of that paper. Judge Cooley, the murdered man, was an able and influential citizen, whose death at the hands of a man not fit morally or mentally to associate with him, is another very pertinent illustration of the preposterous injustice of a code that makes a victim of an honorable man who, being insulted by a loafer with no other accomplishment than a skill in the use of firearms, feels obliged to fight. It is the old story over again. Cooley was a gentleman who had some better work to do in life than practice gunnery. Rhett is a loafer who thinks it the noblest aim in life to be able to shoot well. The dueling code made the two men equals in all but skill in marksmanship, and as a natural result the better man of the two was killed. Mr. Rhett is indebted for the creditable way in which his case is stated in the dispatches, to the fact that the Associated Press agent at New Orleans is a low, worthless fellow who loafs about the *Picayune* office and moulds his dispatches according to the sentiments of that paper. His telegrams concerning the Kellogg government and all political questions in Louisiana during the past year, have been grossly partisan and unfair. It would seem that in an important city like New Orleans, the distributing point for all Southwestern news, the Association would employ a competent, reliable agent. A new arrangement in this respect is due to the people of Louisiana and to all interested in the vicissitudes of that State.

THE OCTOPUS AND THE ACTOR.—The following curious occurrence is said to have taken place at Brighton, England. The performance of "Man and Wife" at the Theatre Royale was delayed some little time on Tuesday night, in consequence of it having been discovered that Mr. Charles Collette, who was playing the part of Sir Patrick Lundie, was not in the theatre. Before, however, an apology was made, Mr. Collette arrived, wet to the skin, and in a state of great exhaustion, he dressed hurriedly and appeared on the stage, exhibiting no traces of the ordeal he had gone through. It appears that Mr. Collette had learned the art of snake-charming in India, and was explaining the process to Mr. George Reeves Smith, the courteous general manager of the Brighton Aquarium. Notwithstanding the entreaties of Mr. Smith, Mr. Collette persisted in exercising his sciences upon the Octopus, and succeeded in luring the monster from its hiding place, and caused it to follow him round the tank. On bending down to the surface of the water, however, the creature seemed to shake off all control, and turning its snaky feelers round Mr. Collette's neck drew him by main force into the tank. A desperate struggle ensued beneath the water, whence Sir Patrick Lundie was with difficulty extricated by Mr. Smith and several bystanders. Mr. Collette has since confined his powers of charming to the patrons of the theater, and with far greater success We believe Mr. Smith, of the Brighton Aquarium, will vouch for the truth of this.

BUNGLING EXECUTIONS.—While capital punishment has the sanction of our laws, the infliction of torture has not. If men must be hanged, the execution of the penalty should be entrusted to experts. At all events, no such cruel bungling as occured at Paris, Ky., on Friday, should be allowed. As our dispatches have mentioned, the rope was too long, so that in falling through the drop the feet of the culprit, Duncan, touched the ground. The rope was cut and tied again, after the criminal had descended the scaffold. This time the executioner succeeded in putting an end to the victim's life, but only by the slow process of strangulation. Just before the second attempt was made a glass of ice water was placed to the victim's lips. It may be thought morbid humanity to narcotize a man before hanging, him, but it looks something like an approach to the opposite extreme to revive his sensibility by giving him a cooling drink a minute or two before he was put to death. Justice should be vindicated, but this can be done without needless barbarity.

PRESCRIPTIONS FOR CHOLERA.—The following prescription was adopted by the College of Physicians in Philadelphia in 1866

"Laudanum 2 ounces; spirits of camphor, 2 ounces, tincture of capsicum, ½ ounce, tincture of ginger, 1 ounce, essence of peppermint, 2 ounces, Hoffman's anodyne, 2 ounces. If the anodyne cannot be readily obtained, substitute sulphuric æther—half the quantity. Mix thoroughly and shake well every time it is used. Give or take from 20 to 25 drops, according to age, condition and violence of attack. Repeat every 20 minutes till relief is obtained. In a desperate case take a teaspoonful at once. Take it in an equal quantity of water, and lie on the back quietly, or in an easy sitting posture, with the back supported, till it has full opportunity to work. Carry a small vial in the pocket, with a few lumps of white sugar upon which to drop it, to be used in sudden emergencies."

LATEST NEWS ITEMS.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has decided that citrate of alumina, commonly known as fire-clay, may be patented under the mining Act of May 10, 1873.

The Chicago *Times* of July 9th says: "*The New Northwest*, published by a woman, Mrs. Duniway, in Portland, Oregon, comes to the defense of Senator Mitchell Hippie, and holds him blameless."

Leonard G. McDonald, Walter McDonald, and Charles Thompson, executors of William McDonald, deceased, have commenced an action against Robert M. Douglas and Stephen A. Douglas, and Addie Williams for $15,000 debt and $15,000 damages.

It is now stated that the killing of Deputy United States Marshal Stevenson, in Jersey City, was a deliberately planned murder, and the inquest will develop the fact. The murderer, Le Enthal, was not a Russian sailor, but a boarding house keeper, who had been concealing sailor deserters.

Four members of the Methodist Episcopal Mission in China have united in sending a letter to Minister F. F. Low upon the occasion of his leaving Pekin, expressive of their obligations to him in many ways, and especially for his prompt and successful vindication of their right to hold chapel premises lawfully purchased by them in Pekin, in the face of the determined hostility of many influential mandarins.

A Virginian who had been plucked in a gambling den in Baltimore brought suit against the supposed proprietor of the place for the amount lost, and obtained judgment by default. But when the Sheriff was about to make a levy upon the furniture it was ascertained that everything in the establishment was owned by a member of the detective police corps, who holds the same by bill of sale put on record two years ago.

Clear Creek county, Colorado, has a half mile race course which it claims to be the highest track in the world. It is on top of one of the highest and most desolate mountains of that region, and it is asserted that its altitude is not less than 10,000 feet above the level of the sea. Some races took place there on the afternoon of the 26th ult, and the attendance was quite large, including people from all the neighboring mining localities.

European mail advices report the crop prospects much more favorable than of late throughout the continent. There has been a great improvement in the wheat crop in France, particularly, and decided amendment has been observable in the position of affairs. In Germany also the prospects are much more brilliant. From the Danube to Bessarabia and the whole of Southern Russia, the crops are extremely promising, and an abundant yield of all kinds of grain is confidently relied upon.

Pending the decision by Judge Blatchford on the question of remanding Charles A. Dana for trial before the District Court of the District of Columbia on the charge of libeling residents of that District, the case is eliciting much newspaper discussion. Papers unfriendly to Dana personally take ground that his removal to another jurisdiction for trial for an alleged offense committed within the State of New York, would be an unwarrantable assumption on the part of the Federal Courts, and an utter disregard of State authority. Judge Blatchford's decision was expected on Wednesday last.

The very worst case of delirium tremens on record is one told of by the Bonham (Texas) *Enterprise*, which says that a few days ago a man residing five or six miles from that place "saw something resembling an enormous serpent floating in a cloud that was passing over his farm. Several parties of men and boys, at work in the fields, observed the same thing, and were seriously frightened. It seemed to be as large and long as a telegraph pole, was of a yellow striped color, and seemed to float along without any effort. They could see it coil itself up, turn over, and thrust forward its huge head as if striking at something."

An anecdote is thus told of M. Rane, the Deputy whose prostitution for sympathy with the Commune has been revived by the French Government after two years. In 1853 he was examined in the case of a clerk who was charged with having designed to shoot the Emperor. The Judge said, "M. Rane, from what I see in these papers, you endeavored to dissuade the prisoner from assassination." M Rane looked relieved, and replied that he had done so. "But how?" continued the Judge. "The prisoner tells us that you said, 'You are short-sighted, and will miss him.'" M. Rane's head drooped, and his manner admitted that only in the novel way mentioned he had tried to discourage the intending assassin.

A dispatch from Khiva gives the following account of events subsequent to the capture of the city: The Khan voluntarily entered the Russian camp and gave in his submission, formally declaring himself a vassal of Russia. Gen. Kaufmann then restored him to the throne and appointed a council of administration to assist him in the Government, during the occupation of the Khanate by Russian forces. The Khan, in token of gratitude, issued on the 24th of June a decree forever abolishing slavery within his dominions. General Kaufmann has sent dispatches to Teheran notifying the Persian Government to make preparations for the receipt of 10,000 natives of Persia released from slavery by the Khan's decree.

A New York letter says: "Few persons are aware, I suspect, that Miss Hildreth, who was leading lady at the National Theater during Mr. Foster's management, was married soon after her engagement there to Benjamin F. Butler, now the renowned General Butler. Mrs. Butler is the mother of the wife of General Ames, of Miss., who, as Blanche Butler, gained so wide a reputation as a Washington belle during her maidenhood. It is said that General Butler displayed his characteristic diligence and determination in his wooing that he resolved that Miss Hildreth, then, as now, a most amiable and accomplished lady, should be his wife; and he went from Boston to Cincinnati to induce her to discontinue her engagement."

A Battle Creek (Mich.) dispatch of June 29th says. "One of the most memorable meetings of Woodhullites yet held in this State came off yesterday and to-day. The principal manipulators of the meeting were W. F Jamison, Mrs. L E Drake, D. W. Hall and J. O. Barrett. On Saturday afternoon, in the course of his lecture, W. F. Jamison performed the marriage ceremony by uniting a couple from Detroit named Dr. Murray and Mrs. Annie Guillon. They were commanded by the speaker to arise in their seats in the audience, when they were pronounced man and wife without even a word of consent from either party as to whether they accepted each other as man and wife or not. On Sunday the Woodhull teachings were boisterously discussed and indorsed by the speakers. The meeting is denounced by Spiritualists generally."

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Hongkong dates to July 12th furnish the four items annexed The failure is announced of Messrs. Naumann, Gingold & Co., merchants of St. Mary Axe firm, established in 1869, in the China and Russian trade. Their transactions were chiefly in tea and tobacco, but it is understood that losses have been made of late in speculative operations on Stock Exchange. The liabilities are about £300,000, covered principally by goods. It is expected that £50,000 will rank against the estate, and the assets are estimated to produce about £15,000.

A joint stock company has been formed with the object of establishing a paper manufactory in Japan. The scheme has been registered with the title of the Japan Making Company (limited), and the capital is to be £50,000, in £20 shares.

The latest news from the north regarding the Audience question but too surely confirms the views put forward upon the first reception of intelligence that the chief principle at stake had been conceded by the Chinese. That no attempt would be made to demand from foreign Ministers the performance of the Kotlou, we were fully aware. Some acquaintance with Chinese official views in the matter, backed by authentic and special information derived from the best sources, enabled us to assert at an early date that the chief obstacle to an audience with the Chinese Emperor had been removed.

The *China Mail* of June 7th, contains the message from the Six Companies of San Francisco, urging the Chinese to remain at home.

The following is the message sent by the heads of the Chinese companies to San Francisco to Hongkong, explaining why no more Chinamen should leave home for California: "Foreigners dislike more Chinese come, new law eight feet for single man to live, over be prisoners, business undisturbed."

Yokohama dates to June 23d say concerning the De Long scandal: Some amusement, not unmingled with surprise, has been caused here by the ridiculous statements that have been made by the New York *Tribune* with reference to Mr. De Long, the American Minister to Japan. Some of the allegations are quite untrue, and others, malicious perversions of facts. The *Tribune* is being imposed upon.

BORN

In this city, July 11th, to the wife of P. H. Schnidderman, a son

MARRIED

At his residence in Columbia county, Oregon, by Rev Sidney Wood, July 6, 1873, S. L. Lovell and Miss Eliza J Wood, all of the same county.

NEW TO-DAY.

ST. GEORGE'S CRICKET CLUB.

MEMBERS OF THE ABOVE CLUB ARE NOTified to meet at Armory Hall on SATURDAY the 19th inst. at 8 o'clock P M., sharp, to transact business of importance. C. SHERWOOD, Sec'y.

For Rent.

THE HOUSE AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY COL. DENNISON, on Third street, opposite the Botanic Gardens (late Market Square). The healthiest locality in town. Inquire at Thompson's Boarding House. jy9

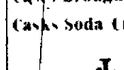
GRAND EXCURSION

TO

PLEASANT GROVE!

ON

Sunday, July 20, 1873



THE FLEGANT STEAMBOAT

VANCOUVER

Will make TWO TRIPS, one at 11 o'clock, A M and one at 2 o'clock, P. M.

THE EAST PORTLAND BAND

Accompanies the excursion

ALL KINDS OF REFRESHMENTS on the Picnic Grounds. jy13

Notice of Dissolution.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, under the firm name of HEWETT, WILSON & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to them will be collected and the liabilities liquidated by Henry Hewett.

HENRY HEWETT.
JOHN WILSON.

Referring to the above notice, the business of the late firm of HEWETT, WILSON & CO., as Commission Merchants and Grain Buyers will be carried on by me as before under the style and firm of HENRY HEWETT & CO.

HENRY HEWETT.

Portland, 17 July, 1873 jy16d1w

Fresh Importations

Now Landing and for Sale

Ex Hermine from Liverpool

WM. YOUNGER & CO.

India Pale Ale and Extra Stout,

In Quarts and Pints.

Extra Refined

Table Salt in Waterproof Packages,

5 lbs., 10 lbs., and 20 lbs each.

Fine Table Salt in Bottles and Jars.

Cases Pure Bicarbonate of Soda.

Cases Brough's Scouring Bath Brick.

Casks Soda Crystals.

J. T. Morton's

ENGLISH PICKLES,

Assorted Quarts and Pints.

Ex Alaska from Yokohama, JAPAN.

Chests, Half Chests and Caddies of New Crop Young Hyson and Oolong.

Extra Choice Natural Leaf Japan Tea.

Ex "Margaret Crockard,"

AND OTHER ARRIVALS.

40,000 lbs Assorted Cordage,

From 1-4th inch to 1 inch.

500 Sacks Patna No. 1 Rice.

Ex Ship "Confidence" and Brig "Kolon,"

From San Francisco.

3,075 Sack Fine Liverpool Dairy Salt.

In Quarter, Halves and Whole Sacks.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.

C. D. MORRISON & CO.

SHIPPING, FORWARDING,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO 3, SPEAR ST., SAN FRANCISCO,

Proprietors of the

Star Line Pacific Coast Packets.

VESSELS OF THIS LINE WILL HEREAFTER BE dispatched to Portland every ten days.

We would be obliged to correspondents if they would instruct their correspondents to ship by the Star Line.

Will advance all charges upon goods coming from any part of the United States, saving storage and extra drayage. Consignments of Lumber, Staves, or any kind of Oregon production, solicited.

Parties desiring to CHARTER VESSELS for Coast or Foreign ports can always be supplied by addressing our house in San Francisco, or Messrs. J. W. McCRAKEN & CO., Portland jy15d3m

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, PAPER-HANGINGS, ETC.,

AT

EMIL, LOWENSTEIN & CO.'S.

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT IN OREGON PREPARED TO FURNISH HOUSES COMPLETELY.

All Goods Sold at Reduced Rates.

EMIL, LOWENSTEIN & CO.,
126, 128 and 449 First St., Portland, Or.
jy11d1m

ICE!

THE PORTLAND ICE WORKS!

ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE TO CONsumers in any part of the city

At 2½ Cents per Pound.

Ice will be properly packed and shipped to consumers elsewhere at the same rate

Orders left with the drivers, or at the Works,

Second street, bet. Main and Madison,

Will receive prompt attention

jy17d1aul CHAS. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Ex "Hermine,"

1,000 BOXES WINDOW GLASS!

For sale in quantities to suit

GEO. L. STORY,

45 Front St., Portland.

AT SAN FRANCISCO COST!

DOORS, WINDOWS AND BLINDS!

OF ALL SIZES

Call and See our Stock.

EVERDING & FARRELL

[illegible] Front street.

REID & VESTAL,

STALLS 22 [illegible],

Central Market,

THE VERY BEST MEATS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Watch Found,

ABOUT ONE MILE WEST OF THIS CITY, WHICH the owner can have by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying for this advertisement

jy17d2t I. H. GOVE,
Cor Twelfth and Jefferson streets.

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship

AJAX

FRED. BOLLES Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port

FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1873.

At 8 o'clock A M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HAYES, Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1873,

At 6 o'clock, P. M

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Street.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom and Olympia,

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propellor

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

CAPT. GARDINER, will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, foot of F street, for the above ports,

TUESDAY, JULY 22d, 1873.

For Freight or Passage apply at the office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay for San Francisco

THE STEAMER

EMPIRE,

GEO PATON ..... Captain,

Will leave COOS BAY for SAN FRANCISCO, on or about the

1st and 15th of Each Month.

Has SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PASSENGERS. For freight or passage apply to

F. SCHUITES, Agent, Coos Bay.
jel6d6m D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco.

Watches and Jewelry.

I. C. Henrichsen & Co.,

FASHIONABLE JEWELERS!

102 First St.,

Offer a complete assortment of

Diamonds and Jewelry,

Gold and Silver watches,

and SILVERWARE

Insurance.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Capital $1,000,000

JOHN H. REDINGTON ..... President
GEO. H. HOWARD ..... Vice President
CHAS. R. STORY .....
N. B. EDDY .....
H. M. HIGHTOW .....

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND ... P. W[illegible], C. H. [illegible], R. Oct[illegible]
SALEM ..... L. F. [illegible]
ALBANY ..... J. A. Crawford
DALLES ..... D. M. [illegible]
LEWISTON ..... J. [illegible]

HAMILTON BUCK,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

Rock River Paper Company's

PATENT

FELT ROOFING!

PUT ON FOR $8 PER SQUARE.

Prepared Plastering Board,

SHEATHING and CARPET PAPER.

For sale by H. C. MORRICE,
Masonic Temple, Portland.

REGALIAS AND TRIMMINGS!

Only Regalia House in the State.

MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS!

GOLD AND SILVER

Laces, Fringes, Spangles, Stars, Bullion, etc.

H. C. MORRICE,
jy4 Masonic Temple, Portland, Or.

For Sale,

850,000 Acres of Land

IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

Title Perfect—U. S. Land Grant Fully Confirmed.

THE "PACIFIC LAND COMPANY," INCORPORated with capital stock of 5,000 shares of par value of $240 each, have purchased the road and entire land grant of the "OREGON CENTRAL MILITARY ROAD COMPANY," consisting of over 850,000 acres of

Agricultural, Grazing & Timber Lands,

Passing from Kokenee City (125 miles from Portland by Railroad), through the splendid "Lake Country," to Silver City, near the border of Idaho

Each share of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY thus representing not over 160 acres of land, and is UNASSESSABLE.

Three thousand shares belong to the Company, and will be offered for sale by us, the entire proceeds of which will go into the Treasury.

The first one thousand shares will be offered at $120 per share, *United States Currency*, at the rate of 75 cents per acre. Every share will also be received at its par value of $240, in payment for land, as soon as the appraisals are made. Such shares will then be cancelled, and not reissued, and a deed given to the purchaser.

The land will be appraised at moderate rates, in accordance with its actual value, as soon as practicable, in sections of 640 acres, and at not less than $1.50 per acre, *U. S. Currency*, and offered for sale. Actual settlers, however, always having preference.

We refer, as to the character of this magnificent grant of land, to CLARENCE KING, Esq., the U. S. Geologist for the coast, who is familiar with it from personal observation; also to the elaborate report of the Hon. S. J. Pengra, late Surveyor General of Oregon, on the road and lands, from which we quote. "There is but very little of the entire grant but what is valuable for either Farming, Grazing or Lumbering purposes."

As shares are cancelled, the average of acres to the remaining shares will naturally increase, and from cash sales dividends will be declared

IMMIGRANTS,

BY BUYING THESE SHARES, CAN SECURE GOOD LANDS, WITH PERFECT TITLE, AT LESS THAN GOVERNMENT RATES.

For Custodians of Trust Funds, the shares of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY combine absolute security, based on the lands, with profits of large returns, and no investment can be safer for CHILDREN, as the value of the property must increase immensely in a few years

Remittances for shares can be sent to us by Wells, Fargo & Co., or by registered letters

Full particulars, maps and a descriptive pamphlet can be obtained at our office, where the subscription book for the shares is now open

TWING & PAXSON,
Agents for the Pacific Land Company,
Office, No 424 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

President—H. F. TESCHEMAKER Directors—J. S. PAXSON, OLIVER ELDRIDGE, J. R. JARBOE and H. F. CUTTER, of San Francisco.

Refer to—J. C. AINSWORTH, S. G. REED and W. S. LADD, of Portland.

B. J. PENGRA, Springfield, near Eugene. je26d1m

Auction and Commission

A. B. NICHOLAS,

AUCTIONEER

Corner of [illegible]

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE [illegible]

Sale Days—W[illegible]

At [illegible]

LIBERAL ADVANCES [illegible]

To parties [illegible] will Purchase [illegible]

A. B. N.

Regular [illegible]

[illegible]

Horses [illegible]

GENERAL [illegible]

I will sell at [illegible]

SATURDAY, [illegible]

CHOICE [illegible]

Lots Two (2) and [illegible] situated on [illegible] two finely [illegible] water on [illegible]

Lots Five (5) and [illegible] feet each, [illegible]

1 Bay [illegible]
2 [illegible]
1 set [illegible]
1 Wagon [illegible]

RED DEER [illegible]

GROCERIES [illegible]

A. B. NICHOLAS.

JOHN [illegible]

(Main) [illegible]

MANUF[illegible]

HARNESS [illegible]

COOK [illegible]

[illegible]

Spring and Double and [illegible] and Wagons, and [illegible] weapons, with or [illegible] them, ought to be [illegible] accidents, which [illegible] who are quietly in [illegible] tions. The law [illegible] could no doubt [illegible]

LAST REWARD.—[illegible] shal at Fort Scott, [illegible] all persons of the [illegible] for the apprehension [illegible] are supplicated to [illegible] This intimating [illegible] and spy, and [illegible] son. One of the [illegible] days after by Sheriffs of [illegible] lands of justice, [illegible] murdered, and [illegible] a minute description [illegible] the family is [illegible] assurance of the [illegible] described, makes [illegible] upon. The fee, [illegible] as a public [illegible] covery of those [illegible] tate flight of the [illegible] has been obtained [illegible] pretenses, notwithstanding [illegible] Judge Gilgent now [illegible] up. With [illegible] every effort in [illegible] holder [illegible] well as individuals, [illegible] to assist only [illegible]

A RANDOM SHOT.—[illegible] a row [illegible] on Pine, between [illegible] Kennedy and Patty [illegible] had some difficulty [illegible] foot of the [illegible] Kennedy, [illegible] inflicting [illegible] ing language. [illegible] right, in which [illegible] The ex's [illegible] after the [illegible] After speaking [illegible] teous remarks, [illegible] most all the [illegible] the rough and [illegible] discharged. The ball [illegible] though he was [illegible] It struck the [ill

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL
MERCHANDISE AND HOUSE

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale,
Large assortment of GROCERIES and CONFECTIONERY,
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
or parties declining Household Effects, will find it to their interest to call
Will Purchase Second-Hand Furniture for Cash.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Prompt Sale
of
REAL ESTATE
Horses, Wagons, Furniture,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction Rooms,
SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1873
At 10 o'clock A. M.
CHOICE HOME
Lots Three (3) and Four (4) in Block [illegible]
situated on corner of Hall and Ninth streets, with two finely finished DWELLING HOUSES, [illegible] water on premises. Terms
ALSO,
DESIRABLE HOME
Lots Five (5) and (6) in Block 197, [illegible]
west each, situated on West Park and [illegible]
ALSO,
1 FINE TOP BUGGY,
2 AMERICAN ROCKERS,
1 set DOUBLE HARNESS,
1 WAGON.
ALSO,
BED ROOM,
DINING ROOM and
KITCHEN FURNITURE.
ALSO,
GROCERIES,
LIQUORS and
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

SADDLERY.

JOHN CLARK
78 [illegible] Street,
Below an American Exchange and
MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail DEALER IN
HARNESS, SADDLES, [illegible]
COLLARS, WHIPS,
Saddlery Hardware,
Oil Cloths and Shoddy.
Special attention paid to the [illegible]
Double and Single Harness, in every variety; also, Trunks, Valises and Hoods, Fancy Lap Robes and Riding Whips. (Publishers' Paper Cutters.)
Wholesale and Retail Agents are wanted for the sale of
J. B. CONCLIN'S
78 Front Street.
Saddlery Hardware
Saddles, Bridles
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SOLE AGENTS FOR GUARANTEED HICKS [illegible]
GARMENTED HICKS, with Hickory Axles
WELCH & [illegible]
Corner [illegible]
SADDLES, [illegible]
Front Salesroom
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS [illegible]
[illegible] Directory
[illegible] We want all sorts

J. W. GILL & CO.
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS
78 First Street
OUR STOCK COMPRISES A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
Miscellaneous Books,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC STATIONERY.
New Books by Every Steamer.
AGENTS FOR MABIE, TODD & CO'S
We import Gold Pens direct from NEW YORK, and are prepared to
Manufacture Pens to any Pattern
to order at the
LOWEST PATES.

REDUCED RATES
In this State and West
WM. H. SEWARD'S TRIP
THE UNDERSIGNED announce that they have now ready
GOVERNOR SEWARD'S
AROUND THE WORLD.
This reply later [illegible]
before the distinguished [illegible]
gotten up book of travel [illegible]
ings since costing $15,000, and [illegible]
It is sold only by subscription, and the public have an opportunity to [illegible]
that all the [illegible]
have an opportunity to [illegible]
travel it is unequaled, [illegible]
ence and comments of one of the most [illegible]
Should any one be overlooked by the [illegible]
with pleasure supply the [illegible]
D Appleton & Co., New York, [illegible]
Address A. ROMAN & CO., the Pacific [illegible]
Jal7d7p2w wlm General Agents for the [illegible]

Selling Out!
BEING ABOUT TO REMOVE FROM MY PRESENT STORE
I will sell my entire stock of
MILLINERY
Consisting of HATS, BONNETS, [illegible] of all descriptions, LATEST STYLES, at cost [illegible]
RIBBONS and TRIMMINGS, at cost [illegible]
Extra Inducements on the [illegible]
White ILLUSION HATS and BONNETS [illegible]
up. Will close out, positively, at [illegible]
Cor. Third [illegible]
jy11d1t30th

Cheap Homestead
ONLY 10 MORE LOTS!
FOR SALE FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!
50x150 feet, within ten minutes walk from landing. All choice [illegible]
each Lot, one-fourth cash. Terms, One [illegible]
ments of five dollars each. For further [illegible]
M MOSKOWITZ, Real Estate Agent,
[illegible] Street, [illegible]
je28
L. THERKELSEN,
Carpenter & Builder
SHOP—Alder Street, between Second and Third.
RESIDENCE—Corner [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1873.

CITY.

OREGON MUSEUM.—We are informed that several enterprising parties propose to establish a public museum in this city. A room has already been secured in Smith's new brick building for that purpose. The room will soon be filled up, and is getting ready to receive specimens by the 1st of September next. A museum is one of the scientific necessities of this State and city. The collection will consist of stuffed birds and animals, insects, reptiles, fossils, mineralogical, geological, botanical and marine specimens of all kinds, relics, curiosities, whether artificial or natural, etc., etc. Such an enterprise ought to meet with favor and support at the hands of our liberal minded citizens. Hundreds of birds, animals and reptiles inhabit and are peculiar to the climate of Oregon, of which the scientific world are wholly ignorant. Students of science and the tourist who visits our State to learn something concerning its resources and natural wonders, could acquire more desirable information by visiting and inspecting a complete museum, in a few hours, than by traveling over the whole State at considerable expense and at the sacrifice of time. A good museum would display Oregon in a nutshell. Parties throughout the State can do much for the cause of science and the reputation of Oregon by contributing to the museum anything of scientific or historic value. Letters or packages directed to the "Oregon Museum, Portland," will be received by the parties who are inaugurating the enterprise. Public interest and the reputation of the State is involved in the success or failure of the enterprise, and we hope to see the efforts of these parties aided and encouraged through every laudable instrumentality.

SHOULD BE SEVERELY PUNISHED.—The hasty and reckless exhibition of firearms on the streets by parties engaged in rows and altercations, ought to be visited with the severest condemnation of the law. As the result of the danger, we cite to the disgraceful row that transpired last evening on Front street between the men Kennedy and Foy. There can be but little question that the discharge of the pistol while in Foy's hand was purely accidental, and that the drawing of the weapon was not with the intention of shooting Kennedy, but was for a piece of ruffianly bravado. Still this fact did not palliate in any measure the offense. The pistol was discharged and its contents sent at random. At the time the street in all directions was crowded, and the life or lives of persons were thus placed in jeopardy—more so, if anything, than if the weapon had been pointed directly at the man Kennedy. As it was, the ball struck a Chinaman standing a distance away who was a quiet onlooker. Fortunately the force of the ball was spent, and no serious damage resulted. But the chances are much against life under circumstances. All must admit that the careless handling of firearms is too frequent, when there is trouble between parties or in an altercation. Persons who draw weapons, with or without the intention of using them, ought to be held strictly responsible for accidents, which may occur to spectators, or those who are quietly in pursuit of legitimate avocations. The law rigidly enforced in this respect will no doubt produce a salutary effect.

THE REWARD.—James Newberry, City Marshal of Fort Scott, Kansas, has sent circulars to all parts of the United States, offering $4,000 for the apprehension of the Bender family, the perpetrators of a series of murders in Kansas that are unparalleled in the history of the country. The Bender family consist of the elder Bender and his wife, Kate and John, a daughter and son. One of the circulars was received a few days ago by Sheriff Caywood. To further the interest felt in the detection of these fiends, and to their speedy apprehension, a reward of $1,000 for the arrest of each member of the family is proposed. The personal appearance of the father, mother and daughter, as described, is the hideous objects to look upon. John, a grown young man, is described as a dark looking individual. Since the discovery of the murders, and the precipitate flight of the Benders, not the slightest clue has been found as to the whereabouts of the murderers. Notwithstanding the authorities have made diligent and unremitting efforts to trace them out. With these circulars in the hands of every sheriff in the land, and the police forces of the principal cities will find it convenient, as far as practicable, to leave for other climes in order to avoid the iron-bitted rascals' tracks.

A FIRE IN SNOW.—Last evening about 8 o'clock a snow bank on Front street, near the corner of Pine, had two men named respectively Ed. Foy and Patsy Foy. There had been a difficulty between the scow, moored near the foot of the street. Foy lives on the scow, and Kennedy was on board, being heavily under the influence of liquor, and began to use very bantering language. The latter soon concluded with a fight, in which Kennedy got the worst of it. The difficulty was terminated to the satisfaction of both parties were separated at the scow. After hanging a number of somewhat discouraging remarks, Kennedy drew a knife, and almost at the same instant Foy drew a pistol. By the rough and ready handling the weapon was discharged. The ball did not strike Kennedy, although he was standing but a few yards away. It struck the sidewalk about a rod distant, and glanced across the street. A number of Chinamen were traveling in range on the opposite side. One was struck in the back by the ball, but as its force was almost spent, it inflicted only a slight bruise. In the meantime the weapon was taken from Foy's hands, and both the parties arrested and lodged in jail.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A sporting gentleman yesterday while cleaning out a double barreled shot gun took it into his head to discharge two blank cartridges in the air. He was standing, at the time, on a wharf in the rear of a saloon. Hearing two reports in quick succession in the immediate vicinity of a saloon, they one naturally supposed that a row was in progress. In less time than it requires to tell, a number of persons rushed pell mell for the saloon, looking anxiously about for the two belligerents. Their surprise was complete when they perceived the gentlemanly "barkeep" standing tranquilly behind the counter, with not a single person in sight. Before query could be asked or answered, the person who had inadvertently sprung the explosive came in at the back door holding the fowling piece in his hand, from the muzzle of which smoke was still issuing. Mutual surprise prevailed until an explanation followed when all quietly dispersed, after indulging in the usual "smile."

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—Judging from the accessions being made to its membership at almost every meeting, Excelsior Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias, bids fair to stand high among organizations of the kind in this city at an early day. On Thursday evening the first meeting of the third term was held, and six candidates were initiated into the mysteries of the Order. But six months have elapsed since the organization of the first Lodge in Portland, and the Order now has a membership of over 50 members. The following are the officers recently elected by Excelsior Lodge: P. C., L. Leschman; C. C., George W. Roberts; V. C., William H. Utter; P., Isaac Blum, M. A., W. K. Badger; K. of R. and S., George F. Grant; M. of E., Charles Kohn, M. of F., J. Holman; J. G., A. J. Marshall.

PROTECTIVE ALLIANCE.—The People's Protective Alliance, of Oregon City, met on last Wednesday evening to organize. The meeting was called to order with Dr. Ross in the Chair, and Mr. H. Wiggins, Acting Secretary. The Committee on Constitution and By Laws submitted their articles, which were adopted as received, without alteration. The next order of business was the election of officers, which resulted as follows: President, R. A. Hughes; Vice President, John Wyatt, 2d Vice President, Charles E. Warren, Secretary, A. C. Baily; Treasurer, A. L. Barlow, Sergeant-at-Arms, Charles Bowles. The Committee on the Pledge reported having obtained 119 signatures.

OFF FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—This morning at 8 o'clock the steamer *Ajax* will sail for the above port. The following passengers will take their departure: J T Bonestell, Carl Iken, Mrs Bloomfield, Mrs S Hall, Wm H Upton, Samuel Redlich, M W Stokes, Dr W C Thompson, J Nichols, C T Cone, C H Craven U S N, Wm T Primer, Master Fred Woodworth, Master Ben Woodworth, Geo Hall, wife and 2 children; B F Lowe, T Dittenhoffer, Mrs Shepard and daughter, D Winter and child, Wm Ayler and wife.

SEIZED.—U. S. Marshal Young seized the [illegible] *Maria Wilkens* yesterday on an order issued from the U. S. District Court. The seizure was for indebtedness for wages claimed, and also for machinery, etc. Necessary bonds were given on Monday afternoon by the owner, and the vessel was released by the Marshal and is again making her usual trips.

ON THE WAY HERE.—The English bark *Vesta* is on the way from Liverpool for this port, and may be expected to arrive here in the course of about two months. This vessel brings a full cargo of general freight, and comes consigned to Messrs. Janion & Rhodes. Following the *Vesta* is the *Sylhet*, which is bound for Portland via Victoria. At the latter port a portion of her cargo will be discharged, when the vessel will proceed to this place.

DID NOT ARRIVE.—The first installment of terra cotta for the Stark street sewer, was to have arrived on Wednesday evening per steamer *Gov. Grover*. For some reason the tile did not reach here. Assurances have been given Mr. Habersham that the first installment will arrive on Saturday without fail. Sewer laying will begin at once when the tile arrives. Excavating has been suspended until the sewer has been laid for the distance of two blocks.

TO ADJOURN.—Circuit Court will adjourn for the term to morrow. On Monday Judge Upton will proceed to Salem to be present at the session of the Supreme Court, which will convene on that day. Over seventy chancery suits remain on the docket untouched in the Circuit Court, but these causes will go over by consent of parties to the next regular term that will convene next November.

ALARM OF FIRE.—About noon yesterday an alarm of fire was sounded. The alarm originated from a Chinese laundry situated on Yamhill street. A spark fell on the moss-coated roof and speedily ignited. It was timely extinguished by a few pails of water, and the Department was not called into requisition.

A recent telegram from Sheffield, England, states that on Tuesday, the 17th June, the Rev. William Morley Punshon was married at Wesley College, Sheffield, to Miss Foster, of Stone Grove, Sheffield. All will doubtless remember the time when Mr. Punshon was in this city.

ACQUITTED.—The case of M. Mascowitz, who was indicted by the Grand Jury in the Circuit Court for larceny by bailee, was tried on Wednesday. A verdict was rendered by the jury after a short deliberation honorably acquitting the defendant.

MEETING OF COMMITTEE.—The Committee of Arrangements of the Sunday School May festival held last May in aid of the Catholic Library and Christian Doctrine Society are requested to meet at the library rooms next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

ORGANIST APPOINTED.—Prof. Richard T. Yarndly received the appointment on Wednesday by the Vestry as organist for Trinity Church. Mr. Yarndly is a very accomplished organist.

LOADING WITH GRAIN.—The English bark *Hermine* is now lying at the eastside dock receiving a cargo of grain for Europe. She will be loaded in the course of a few days.

LOCAL BREVITIES

A cloudless sky again.

Linen suits to the front.

Steamer off—at 8 o'clock.

Shed your superfluous clothing.

Keep on shady side of the street.

Puget Sound clams at Quinn's to day.

To get into a scrape, go to the barber's.

No abatement in the rowing and sailing mania.

Yellow jackets have put in a cheerful appearance.

Uncoolled is Frank Faber's coffee Central Market.

A reaping machine goes most against the farmer's grain.

Three steamers now receive freight at Carter's new wharf.

Everybody owns lots at Tacoma—if we believe all we hear.

Market and Tarn Versin Hall opening Saturday evening.

Oh, for some quiet spot to while away the long, tedious hours.

O.d Sol yesterday would have made butter "take to its heels."

The city plaza looks brown and bare since the hay has been mown.

Harbiverous kine still continue nocturnal wan dering through the city.

Mails for steamer close at 5:15 and at the express offices at 5:30 P. M.

For several days the street sprinkler has not been on its usual rounds.

The ship *Middlesex* will be ready to receive wheat to-day or by Monday.

Mr. Cone, at Barrett's, will not be a passenger on the *Ajax*—it is another man.

WEEKLY OREGONIAN ready for mailing to Eastern friends, at the office counter.

Ice only 2½ cents per pound. Certainly every body ought to afford the luxury.

Shooting on Sunday is talked of among the young Jewish [illegible]

The *Guerie Telfair*, from the Sound, may be anticipated next Monday evening.

There is yet prospects for the moonlight excursionists. Make your arrangements.

Good many millionaires, (on paper) since the "terminus" excitement has sprung up.

The *Emma Hayward* will take a large freight this morning—the largest of the season.

A number of persons are engaged in covering the roof of the new gas building with coal tar.

The Dalles boat carried away large quantities of freight yesterday morning, bound for Lewiston.

Foy, who fired the random shot on the streets last evening, had one of his wrists cut during the row.

Iron work for Rafferty's new building in East Portland, is being turned out and will soon be all finished.

Having discharged a quanty of salt, the ship *Confidence* began to throw out her rock ballast yesterday.

The *Gov. Grover* left for Corvallis yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, four hours behind advertised time.

Mr. Q Voos has leased the Forest House and will shortly reconstruct that institution for the summer season.

Mercury was disposed to waltz up a little yesterday, but a delightful breeze from the north kept things pleasant.

An attractive picture—a milliner fixing up new goods in the show-window of her store. So says a postoffice clerk.

The Metropolitans had a lively chase for Ed. Kennedy, one of the party engaged in a row down town last evening. They captured him.

Eugene, son of J. S. M. VanCleve, of East Portland, who who was so severely injured on the Fourth of July, has recovered sufficiently to be able to leave the house.

The Pacific Base Ball Club leave for Yamhill county this morning, where they will play the Forest City Club. We hope they will return with fresh trophies of victory.

Since the arrival of the bark *Edward James* from San Francisco, the *Read*, which was lying at Moffatt & Stephens' wharf was towed down to Flanders' wharf yesterday and is now discharging cargo.

An old sidewalk in front of a new building illy corresponds. Acting on the eternal fitness of things, Mr. Perkins is having a new sidewalk laid in front of his brick building just finished on Front street.

A morning cotemporary makes the statement that 600 head of sheep were shipped yesterday morning to the Sound to supply the railroad employes. That would make those railroaders great mutton destroyers.

Last evening a party of amateur boatmen made night hideous with their continuous yells and doubtful nautical expressions. When last heard from they were steering away from the foot of Stark street, bound for some place out of our bearing.

To make Front street opposite the burnt district attractive, a merchant who proposes to locate on that thoroughfare wants property holders to erect lamp posts on their own account. Brilliant idea, but we don't think the property holders see it in *that* light.

Repeated trial has demonstrated the fact that the water works in Holladay's Addition, East Portland, are both a mechanical and hydrostatic failure. Attempts to raise water to a required altitude and supply that portion of the town by means of a turbine wheel have been abandoned some time.

Dull times bring low prices, and, awake to the necessities of the hour, Messrs Beck & Waldman, at the corner of Washington and Front streets, have reduced the prices on their summer suits of clothing. Their stock is large, and for variety and quality cannot be excelled by any house in the city. They make a specialty of fitting youths, and therefore it is to the interest of parents to call at the establishment of Beck & Waldman.

PERSONAL

Mayor McCown of Oregon City was in the city yesterday

Captain George Flavell, of Astoria, is sojourning in the city for a few days.

J E Hatt, of Oregon, was registered at the Briggs House, Chicago, on the 8th inst.

Hon. H G. Struve, Secretary of Washington Territory is paying Portland a visit.

E. S. Kearney, United States Marshal of Washington Territory, is stopping at the Cosmopolitan.

Rev. A. M A. Blanchet, Bishop of Nesqualy, is in this city, on a visit to his venerable brother, the Most Rev. Archbishop.

Wm. H. Upton, son of Judge W. W. Upton, will depart on the steamer this evening for San Francisco en route for Yale College, where he expects to graduate.

Col. Peter Saxe, the importer of fine cattle, went to Salem yesterday morning. He took his blooded Durham bulls along to exhibit to the stock raisers of Marion for a few days.

Rev. Father Buchard, the well known priest-lecturer, who visited this city some time ago, is to deliver a lecture in St. Ignatius church, San Francisco, on the 5th of next month. His subject will be "The Inquisition."

Mr. J. T. Bonestell, agent of the California Jewelry Company, who has been in the city several days displaying to our jewelers the latest manufactures of the Company, will leave for San Francisco on the steamer. The little circle, who enjoy the best at one of the prominent hotels, will lose in him a pleasant companion.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

RELIGIOUS, LOCAL AND GENERAL.

[From the P. C. Advocate.]

Rev. C. W. Shaw, Agent of the Willamette University, filled the pulpit of the Taylor Street M. E. Church on Sabbath last, during the absence of the pastor.

The fourth quarterly meeting for Milwaukie circuit will be postponed till Saturday and Sabbath, the 23d and 24th of August, to correspond with the campmeeting.

Rev. T. F. Royal, Principal of the Portland Academy and Female Seminary, will preach in the M. E. Church, at Oregon City, on next Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M.

Rev. W. H. Miesse, at present pastor of the Albany charge, will leave overland for New York in a few days. Bro. Miesse proposes to graduate at one of our theological schools in the East.

The Canby campmeeting closed on Sabbath evening last. There were several conversions and accessions to the church during the meeting. Rev. J. W. Iser, of Portland, had charge of the meeting during the Sabbath.

Rev. J. S. McCain, pastor of Milwaukie circuit, preached on Sabbath last at Fairview church, at 11 o'clock. At the close of the services six persons were received into full connection—the fruit of last winter's revival.

The campmeeting for Milwaukie circuit will be held at the old campground in Powell's valley, embracing the third and fourth Sabbaths in July, commencing Thursday before the third Sabbath and continuing over the fourth Sabbath.

Rev. Clarke Smith and family took passage on the *John L. Stephens* on her last trip to San Francisco, on their way to Utah. Mrs. T. F. Royal and youngest daughter accompanied them, intending to visit her aged parents in Kansas, whom she has not seen for over twenty years.

Mr. George F. Hanson, at the close of his prosperous school at Mount Zion, was made the recipient of a handsome volume of "How I Found Livingstone," presented by a few of his admiring pupils. Mr. Hanson proposes soon to enter the Medical Department of the Willamette University.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

THURSDAY, July 17, 1873.

U. S. vs John Broderick; defendant withdraws plea of not guilty and pleads guilty. Time of pronouncing sentence fixed on Saturday.

U. S. vs Walter S. Kitchen; defendant to be sentenced on Saturday.

U. S. vs George Beazely, same order entered.

U. S. vs Claudio Gayales; cause on trial.

Adjourned.

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, J.

Christy Rush vs George Rush; divorce suit; decree granted.

Arthur Mellon vs W. D. Taylor, and J. Sorenson, as surety; judgment on verdict for $47 75.

COUNTY COURT—HAMILTON J.

In Vacation—In the matter of the estate of John Torrence, J. A. Strowbridge, administrator; order of final discharge.

PICNICS.

Mr. Otto Treuer, has chartered the steamer *Shoshone*, and will give a picnic and excursion on Sunday to Pleasant Grove, situated near Milwaukie. Music and refreshments have not been omitted, and a very enjoyable time may be anticipated. During the day the steamer will make two trips to the grounds, leaving the wharf at 11 A. M., 12.30 P. M., and 2.30 P. M. Late in the evening the boat will return to the city.

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be religious services in the Scandinavian Evangelical Lutheran church in East Portland, next Sunday, July 10th, in the Norwegian language at 11 o'clock, and in the English, as usual, at 2 o'clock P. M. Rev. A. E. Fridrickson, D. D., will officiate.

FINALLY DECIDED.

It is an old but true saying that a man is known by the books he reads and the company he keeps. This saying is illustrative of the great sewing machine war, in which nearly all of the second-class machines have played prominent parts, expending much ammunition and making forced marches as attended with great labor. But our readers have not seen the name of the world-renowned GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE flourished before the people in the above connection, and this dignified reserve has established the popularity of the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE, now and forever. It stands on its respectability and merits. These machines make the ELASTIC STITCH and SHUTTLE STITCH, and will be sold on installments of $10 per month. W. T. Shanahan, agent, 71 First street.

If you want the woven wire bed, parlor and bedroom suits, the best spring and pure hair mattresses, go to Hurgren & Shindler.

Make it your special business to call at Jos. Kohn & Co's, and look over their stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which is simply immense. They don't ask two prices for articles in their line, but place them at their lowest limit. If you want to be convinced of this fact, just drop in at the Pioneer Clothing Establishment and satisfy yourself in the matter. They keep only the best.

If you want pure, fine liquors of any kind, go to E. D Tyne's, northwest corner of Oak and First streets, agent or the sale of Jessie Moore & Co.'s fine Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies of Louisville, Ky.

The catharti a used and approved by the physicians comprising the various medical associations of this State are now compounded and sold under the name of *Parson's Purgative Pills*

We copy the following from an exchange, which is important, if true. Chronic diarrhœa of long standing, also dysentery, and all similar complaints common at this season of the year, can be cured by the use (internally) of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. We know whereof we affirm.

In spite of your teeth,
Both above and beneath,
Being lightly enameled and thin,
They will never break down,
Nor turn yellow nor brown,
If the SOZODONT is daily brushed in

HOLLOWAY'S VERMIFUGE CONFECTIONS
Are the most effective remedy for those pests of childhood Worms. All Physicians approve of them. They are pleasant to take, and safe and reliable in all cases
Sold at 25 cents per box
JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco
Agent for Pacific Coast.

Hassalo Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 8, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members are hereby requested to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge, No. 18, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings each month. By order of the W. M.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

An Iowa horse tried to swallow himself last week, commencing at his left hind foot. At least he was found helplessly tangled up in his stall with the shoe of that foot so caught in his teeth that it took three men to get it out.

The following gem of descriptive writing was penned by an Illinois reporter in his description of a recent wedding. He says, "The Mayor galooted up the church aisle, swashying and gyrating like a Chinese Joss with the jim-jams."

The Emperor of China, in two official edicts, announces the degradation and punishment of the chief of the eunuchs for "handling the dishes carelessly," and of the chief of the stables for "not being punctual, and having his beasts in bad condition."

Texas is large and sparsely populated, but the poor people are doing the best they can. A Wade man is the father of fifty children, having had thirteen by his first wife, eighteen by his second, ten by his third, six by his fifth, and, thus far, three by his fifth.

Baltimore boys know what fun is. A crowd of them covered a cat with a robe of tar and hemp, the other night, and then set fire to it, causing the animal to do some startling gymnastics and sing a diverting dirge. Baltimore wants a few more monuments, boys' sizes.

Nashville has a black and white boy combination. He is half black and half white, not in the mulatto sense, but the lower half of his body is whiter than ordinary white folks, while his upper half is as black as midnight. On the top of his head is a little patch of straight silken hair, surrounded by kinky negro wool.

After Ironton, Ohio, had exhausted itself in dragging the river for the body of a drowned boy, an old woman came along and asked that an unwashed shirt of the boy should be thrown into the water, declaring that the garment would disappear directly over the body. The shirt was thrown in as directed, and, sure enough, it sank and the body was found. This story is attested by "trustworthy witnesses," whom we have not the slightest hesitation in commending as liars of distinguished ability.

Mr. Carpenter, of Marquette, Mich., had not the slightest idea that he was about to create an atmospherical disturbance when he knocked the ashes out of his pipe on the head of a powder keg. And when a fellow-workman conveyed all that was left of Mr. Carpenter to his wife in a bag, she quietly remarked, "Just his luck; hang him up in the wood-shed where the cats won't get at him, till night.

If there is any class of citizens who are an unmitigated nuisance, and ought to be shut up in an iron cage, it is these would "Enoch Ardens," who go off and stay until their wives are comfortably married to somebody that will stay at home and take care of them, and then persist in turning up and making trouble in the family. One appeared lately down in Maine, and the second husband had to return to private life, the labors and troubles of some ten years of married life being thrown away.—*New York Mail.*

A farmer and his wife called at a Detriot photograph gallery the other day to order some photographs of her, and while the wife was getting ready the husband gave the wife a little advice as to how she must act. "Fasten your mind on something," he said, "or else you will laugh and spile the job. Think about early days, how your father got in jail, and your mother was an old scolder, and what you'd have been if I hadn't pitied you! Just fasten your mind on to that!" She didn't have any photographs taken.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

How to Save Disease.

The man who puts a bullet through his head dies more speedily than he who is continually sending volleys of strong cathartic pills down his throat; but the drastic pillsth are as fatal in the end as the leaden ball. It is only a question of time. Common sense should teach everybody that the idea of expelling disease by subverting the bodily vigor, which is its natural antagonist, is supremely absurd. There should be no purgation without invigoration and regulation. These three points should go on together, and they do so in all cases where Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are resorted to as a remedy for disease, or for the general debility growing out of a torpid state of the digestive and secretive organs. In this great vegetable restorative are mingled three vital elements of cure, a purifying element, a tonic element, and an anti-bilious element. By this means dyspepsia, bilious disorders, intermittent fevers, sick headache, constipation and nervous debility are readily cured and epidemics often prevented.

The only unfailing specific for disease of the kidneys, bladder, and the organs affected by vicious habits, is Helmbold's Extract Buchu. This medicine cures. Dr. Helmbold is the only physician who has succeeded in obtaining the full virtues of Buchu. His is the original and only truly valuable preparation. It is confided in by physicians and patients alike. It is important that sufferers should obtain the genuine. Therefore ask for Helmbold's Extract Buchu, with the Doctor's signature on the bottle.

To cure a cough, to relieve all irritations of the throat, to restore perfect soundness and health to the delicate organizations of the human frame—the Lungs use *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, which is still prepared with the same care in the selection and compounding of its various ingredients as when it was introduced to the public by Dr. Wistar, over forty years since.

For coughs, colds and throat disorders, use "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," having proved their efficacy by a test of many years.

ARE YOU LAME?

With Rheumatism, Gout, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Partial Paralysis or Lame Back? Are you afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast or Sides, or any internal or external aches or pains? If so, use the never failing family remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

COPY YOUR BLOOD!

Cure Scrofulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, heal old Sores, regulate your Bowels, invigorate your Liver, cure Fever and Ague, Constipation, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
a28d3p6w San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

To Let.

To Let,

A FINE SUIT OF FURNISHED ROOMS, SUITABLE for a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, with or without board. Apply at No 1, Semple's Block, corner of Washington and East Park street. jy10d1tf

To Let.

THE ROOM LATELY OCCUPIED BY WOODARD & Co., Druggists, on Alder street, between Front and First. Inquire at the Barber Shop of
jy1 FLIEDNER BROS

To Rent,

THE TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING 100 FEET deep, now occupied by Walter Bros. Inquire of S M LYON, 64 Front street.
feb1dlm

For Rent,

A COMMODIOUS, NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM, having an east front, on the northwest corner of Morrison and Ninth streets. je25

For Rent,

GOOD ROOMS AND OFFICES IN DEKUM'S BRICK building. Inquire of
DEKUM & BICKEL,
No. 58 First street, between Stark and Oak.

For Rent,

BRICK STORE ROOM 25x100 FEET; also OFFICES in Second Story of Brick Building. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Furnished Rooms To Rent.

S. E. COR. WASHINGTON AND FIFTH STS.
CLEANEST IN TOWN.

For Sale.

For Sale or Rent.

IMMIGRANTS AND OTHERS IN WANT OF CHEAP Lands should call on me before buying. I can accommodate them with large or small tracts, improved or otherwise, in this and adjoining counties. Two or three NEAT COTTAGES, conveniently located to business, and several SMALL FARMS, for rent. Office, 143 Front street. F. A. MARQUAM.

BANKS.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT U. S.
President.....HENRY FAILING.
Cashier.....JAMES SIBELL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits or Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!
STRICTLY

NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the National Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the rules adopted by the Association.
In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the desire to accommodate a class of persons having small sums of money, by providing a safe place of deposit, a reasonable rate of interest, as well as to induce economical and frugal habits into the idle capital.
For the security of depositors in this Bank are pledged the entire capital and resources, and over the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by Savings Banks. Printed copies of the rules upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.
HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES SIBELL, Cashier.
Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES SIBELL.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE, 3 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
GEORGE HOLT, Esq., Chairman.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRANCHES AT VICTORIA, NEW WESTMINSTER, COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES.
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND.
Bankers for Oregon
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Sterling Exchange purchased on favorable terms.
DRAFTS IN RUSSELL & CO.'S

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
LOANS MADE ON APPROVED SECURITY.
BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Deposit Safes to rent.
COIN, BANK NOTES AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS FOR SALE ON
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT AND TIME BILLS DRAWN IN SUMS TO SUIT, DIRECT ON
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT AND THE CONTINENT.
San Francisco and the Atlantic States.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AGENTS—The Bank of California, San Francisco.

LADLAW & CATE,
IMPORTERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
28 Front Street,
OFFER FOR SALE, IN WAREHOUSE AND SHORTLY to arrive per Fleet,
AT SPECIAL RATES TO JOBBERS,
CALCUTTA DOUBLE SEWED
GUNNY SACKS,
WHEAT BAGS, 20x36,
OAT BAGS, 32x36, CORN BAGS, 17x27.
MALT LIQUORS.
DEVENISH CHAMPAGNE ALE, quarts and pints;
ARROL'S INDIA PALE ALE, pints;
McEWAN'S EDINBURGH ALE, quarts;
TENNENT'S PALE ALE, quarts and pints;
BASS' PALE ALE in bottle;
BLOOD, WOLFE & CO'S STOUT PORTER, qts, pts;
BYASS' LONDON PORTER, qts and pints.
WINES.
PORT, in octaves and quarter casks;
SHERRY, in octaves and quarter casks;
CHAMPAGNE—Pale and Dry.
SPIRITS.
MARTELL'S COGNAC BRANDY, bottled;
HENNESSY'S BRANDY, bottled;
CAMPBELTON SCOTCH WHISKEY, bottled and cased;
OLD TOM GIN, cases.
Other Goods.
J. T. MORTON'S ENGLISH PICKLES AND SAUCES;
SALAD OIL;
CASSIA;
SPANISH OLIVES;
CURRY POWDER;
COLMAN'S ENGLISH MUSTARD;
RAISINS in boxes, halves and quarters.
ZANTE CURRANTS;
CAUST

A Tale of the California Mines, by Joaquin Miller.

[From the New York Independent.]

There was a company up the gulch above us. Portuguese were these—a quiet, unobtrusive set of men, with dogs and shot-guns and the quaintest little cabins in the world. Brown men, sailors, mostly, with ear-rings in their ears, and their shirt-bosoms open, clannish people, silent and respectful. Then there were other companies below, not unlike our own—a hundred men or more on this little mountain stream. Trees above us in eternal green, chaparral along the fierce and steep old mountain side, that pitched almost perpendicularly on either side the stream upon us, from which whistled the partridge through the day and called the gray coyote at night. No other sounds then these, but the rattling of the stones in the cradle or the tom and pick and shovel on the rocks. No doctors, no law, no lawyers, no thieves. Forty miles the nearest trading post. All things we brought from there across a wall of everlasting snow, upon our backs—bread and bacon and beans, and beans and bacon and bread, the whole year through. At last the dreaded scurvy came. Men suddenly fell ill, lost the use of their limbs; fell helpless on our hands. No help; nothing would do them good but change of place and change of diet. We could not carry them out across the snow. This was dreadful. You could not have seen these strong, brave men stricken there, helpless, dying day by day, without hope, and been silent. Sad! fearful!

There were six of them, and the worst case in the six was that of the man with the leather nose; all brought together, all lying looking helplessly, sadly into each other's faces, thinking of other faces, other scenes, in other lands. At last an old sailor suggested, as a last resort, a remedy. He had seen a ship's crew saved in some land in the tropics. We would try that. It was to place the men, stripped nude as nature, up to the chin in in the earth, and leave them there through the night, till the loose and warm rich soil should draw the poison from their bodies.

There was reason in this. Besides, we had some evidence that it would save our men; for once, when a party of Indians attacked us, we won a fight and, following them a little way, we found a wounded Indian buried up to the eyes in the earth. They had done this in the hope of saving him, to try and heal his wound, and they are good physicians.

We dug six pits in the shadow of pine, in the warm alluvial soil, and there, as the sun went down, we stood the men up to the chin, and filled the earth in about them.

It was a lovely moonlight night, balmy and peaceful as a paradise. Not a sound save the doleful howl of a wolf in the crags above. Even in this condition the grim Russian was the center of interest. But he was as silent as helpless. His head inclined to one side, and rested on the loose, warm soil beside him. His hand was half hidden in the earth.

Oregon Jake was there, assisting as well as he might, in his awkward in his loose way, in the singular experiment and effort to save the lives of the stricken men.

But he was not gifted with any special gravity of bearing, and the grotesque picture before him, with all its sadness, had its comical feature.

He went up to Ginger and began to talk, as he looked now and then at the Russian over his shoulder. He half laughed as he did so.

The buried man heard him, lifted his head with an effort, and cried out, in a ghastly graveyard voice:

"Knock him down, Ginger; knock him down!"

Ginger, true to his helpless friend, knocked him down on the spot.

Again the feeble head of the helpless man settled over on the soft soil. He closed his eyes with the most perfect satisfaction, and he smiled till his white teeth looked like the spiked roof to a miniature cemetery.

After a while the tired miners began to retire, and, with a silent prayer for the success of the experiment, left it to time. The Indians were cheerful, and, now with a little hope, chatted gayly enough together, but looked strange beyond description—the six heavy heads just bursting through the earth, like mango's, there in a row, in the fitful moonlight. It looked like men rising from the earth and coming up to judgment. Their voices sounded weird and ghostly, too, as of another world. After awhile one by one they fell asleep, and all was still save the howling of the wolf on the bluff above. I grew frightened like. I think the others did too. And one by one we stole away and left them there, as the night went on, and sought our beds in the cabins, and threw us down in our clothes and slept. It was an experiment for life or death.

What a strange stupor overcomes men sometimes at night, who have been hard at work all day. Singular that we should have left those six men at midnight in the black shadows, with only here and there a ray of moonlight to relieve the scene. Strange that we could not keep awake.

The experiment was a failure. The wolves came down in the night and ate off every head level with the ground.

An African General.

CHAKA, "THE BLOODY"—AN INTERESTING STORY OF HIS CAREER—A NEGRO NAPOLEON—HE IS MURDERED AT LAST.

[From the Cornhill Magazine.]

The Zulus, who live north of Natal, are paramount among the tribes of South Africa, and they gained this preeminence through the commanding energy and ability of one man, Chaka, who, had he been a European, would surely have been called "the great," but being only an African barbarian, is simply surnamed "The Bloody." Previous to his reign his people were first among their brethren. They occupied a tract of land of not more than ten or twelve square miles in extent. Chaka was a son of the chief of this little community. From some peculiar circumstances attending upon his birth he was regarded by the people as the possessor of superhuman gifts. Probably his mother, in her ambition for her child, suborned the medicine men to fabricate a lying wonder on his behalf. But as he grew in years he did not disappoint the expectations that were thus formed of him. He was tall in stature, great in strength, and in all deeds of daring and energy he outstripped those of his own age. The reputation which these qualities obtained for him excited the jealousy of his father, and Chaka, to save his life, fled to the Amatetwe a neighboring tribe, whose chief gave him protection. With these people he remained until he was thirty years of age, when his father died, and by which time he was distinguished above all men as the possessor of gifts that are in high esteem with the Zulus.

By the aid of some of the Amatetwe he made himself chief of his own people; and the first act that signalized his reign was the putting to death of all whom he suspected of being hostile to himself. This was sanguinary, but from his point of view no worse, and fully as necessary as the coup d'etat by which more civilized potentates have obtained the supreme power. His next exploit was to make war upon and subdue the tribe that had protected him when he was an exile. This was successful, but men of great ambition never have contemplated ingratitude as great. Then he abolished the old laws, and enacted the Code Chaka, by which as chief, he was invested with absolute personal authority, and, as in more enlightened lands, the entire nation was made subservient to the production and maintenance of an army. Then he introduced a new system of warfare. He marshaled his troops into regiments, which were formed into three divisions, a portion of each being incorporated with every force that took the field. Instead of the ordinary bush fighting he made his men fight at close quarters; and for the slender javelin that was thrown at a distance he substituted a stabbing spear of stouter materials, the loss of which was punished with death. For defensive purposes he gave to each man a large shield made of buffalo hide. His discipline was severe. His soldiers had no alternative but to conquer or die, for retreat, even when compelled thereto by superior numbers, was visited by him with death. But such a punishment was rarely necessary; for Chaka was a consummate general, and had the art of inspiring his followers with his own irresistible spirit.

He made war upon all around him, and tribe after tribe was conquered, until he had been proclaimed victorious from the Mapoota to the Umzimvubu. Having thus satisfied his warlike ambition, he directed his energies to the consolidation of his empire. And in the doing of this he seemed to have earned his terrible surname as much by the merciless exercise of his despotic power upon those who had become "his people," as by his warfare upon his enemies. As he grew old his natural force abated, his servants conspired against him, and he was murdered on the 23d of September, 1828. Many rejoiced at his death; but the Zulus cherish the memory of his greatness, swear by the terror of his name, and have made his war song their national anthem. And, judging him by the standard of his possibilities, he was worthy of his honor. One of a number of petty and conflicting kingdoms he made an empire which did not disappear at his death. Out of an undisciplined rabble he organized an army of 100,000 men, which has been found to be irresistible by every native force against which it has been hurled. And the influence of his life has extended far beyond the boundaries of his own dominions.

A COURSE OF STUDY FOR WOMEN AT HARVARD.—Although the University at Cambridge still refuses to admit women as students within its walls, it is quite willing to assist in what is called their higher education, and to give them opportunity for collegiate study under its supervision. The faculty of the college have just made arrangements for the examination of women in a course of study carefully marked out for them and published with full a list of the necessary books. The preliminary examination will be held for the first time in June of next year, and will embrace English, French, physical geography, botany or physics, arithmetic algebra through quadratic equations, plain geometry, history and either Greek, Latin, or German.

An advanced examination will be held for girls who have passed the preliminary one. No girl under seventeen is received at the first examination, none under eighteen at the second. No degrees are conferred on female students, but they receive certificates signed by the president, declaring that A B has passed, passed with distinction, or passed with the highest distinction, the preliminary or advanced examination held under the direction of the faculty of Harvard College. The fee for the preliminary examination is $15; that for the advanced, $10. Notices of the place and time of the examination will be sent to candidates. The Woman's Education Association will take charge of those held in Boston, will provide board and lodging, and assist in paying the cost of the examinations for those girls who need such help. The examination will last seven days.—*Boston Advertiser.*

MARVELOUSNESS OF GIRLS.—Girls are marvels of beauty and wonderfully made. Though fashioned by the hands of the Creator they are shaped by the dress-maker and milliners. It takes exactly two hundred and eleven pounds of flesh and blood, thirty-two yards of dress material, ninety-seven yards of yellow ribbon, twelve pounds of cotton, twenty-four copies of the *Coach*, sixteen feet of horse hair, thirty-three ounces of flour, two boxes of red paint, and a bottle of night blooming seriousness to prepare the average Rocky Mountain girl for church. They know less in an hour, and can tell more in a minute, than any person on earth. Their strong suit is to make trouble and bustles, and the proficiency they have acquired is the conundrum of the age. In a game of talk they invariably hold the right bower or take the ace with the king. They are totally ignorant of the rules of civilized warfare, and never let up when they get a fellow down. A girl can look pretty and ugly, happy and sorrowful, hot and cold, sweet and sour, sentimental and disgusted in ten seconds, and the only place in the world where the boys have the best of them is in sitting up nights. Yet with all their faults we love them still, and a few more of our photographs may be had by addressing the Driver and enclosing fifty cents. Marriage proposals must be prepaid.—*The Colorado Coach.*

CHARGES AGAINST GENERAL HOWARD.—Attorney General Williams has delivered an opinion in the case of General Howard. He says that the papers furnished him are incomplete, in not requiring bonds from the Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bureau and its chief officer, and in other respects. The Attorney General differs from the opinion of the late Secretary Stanton, that bonds were not required of any army officer detailed to this duty. In response to the query as to what course should be pursued in cases where considerable sums have been taken from the Treasury by means of forged receipts and vouchers for bounties due to colored soldiers, and to what extent the Commissioner and the chief disbursing officer are responsible, he says: "Offenders can be proceeded against criminally and civilly, or against persons responsible for their acts, by the Government. The bond of $10,000 required from the Commissioner from and after October 31, 1871, does not cover any default prior to that date. Nor is the Commissioner liable for the acts of his assistants under the act of 1865, but under the joint resolution of 1867 the Commissioner is explicitly held for all money paid under that act, and he it also responsible civilly for the acts of his subordinates." The Attorney General says that the Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau is therefore liable for all losses of the Government by defaulting subordinates or other persons employed by him, under the joint resolution of 1867.

SURPRISING RESUSCITATION.—A remarkable case of resuscitation has taken place at the Hospital of the Val-de-Grace, at Paris. A man had hanged himself in a garret in the Rue Saint Jacques, and, having been cut down and examined by the medical men, was pronounced to be dead. The clinical lecturer, however, desired to try one last experiment, and he opened the chest and attempted artificial respiration, but without success. He then applied the pole of an electrical battery to the pneumo-gastric nerves, and passed a strong current at intervals of four seconds. Soon after some signs of respiration appeared, and in five minutes the cardiac pulsation was perceptible. The epiglottis was tumified, and the tongue had to be drawn out, with pincers to leave a passage for the air. A few ounces of blood were obtained from the mediocephalic vein, the dilated pupils contracted, the sign of life became more and more manifest, a few drops of alcohol were administered, some slight muscular contractions became visible without the aid of electricity, warmth returned to the feet, the pulsation in the carotid arteries recommenced, and the patient was saved.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 17, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 115¾.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 85½ buying; 87½ selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 800 fine.

Wheat in Liverpool—Average California, 11s 9d@11s 11d; club, 12s 3d@12s 6d.

A New York dispatch of Wednesday last states that "there were six proposals to sell bonds to the Government to-day, aggregating $323,150, at from 115.45 to 115.76; bonds purchased to be paid for in national bank notes. Two hundred and seven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars in bonds were accepted at 115.49 to 115.87."

The business of the week specially under review has been marked by no unusual features in financial matters. Eastern and California advices denote a large surplus in the hands of produce buyers which is being pretty extensively disbursed, a fact which is tending to loosen the bonds of the money market, and for a period at least to revive the commerce of the country at large. Merchants and shippers managed to weather the storm fairly last season, and their prospects are at least as good, if not better, now than they were one year ago, though there are those who predict a recurrence of the last season's scarcity before the close of the year.

In our local market the number of buyers is greater than last year, and prices for grain may open a little higher, but for wool, rates are much lower and without any manifest tendency to appreciate at present. However, with better and cheaper facilities for inland transportation and equal prices in the markets of demand, we look for the producers of our State to realize as well if not better than during the harvest year just now closed.

Business of the Week.

During the present week we have observed much more than the average activity in nearly all branches of trade in our city. Importing houses are receiving large additions to their stocks, and orders from the interior have been quite liberal for the season. The sale of agricultural implements, of which some of our dealers have very large and varied stocks, has been quite encouraging. Though the produce receipts have not been large, if we except Wheat and Wool, prices have generally been better than last week. The pressure of sail or steam going vessels at our wharves during the week, have added to the general appearance of renewed life in the commercial affairs of our stirring city.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—As the parties holding the vessels now in port have sufficient in hand to load them, there is but little disposition to urge the market or make large orders. San Francisco rates for shipping have declined to an average of $1 63, and ours is weak at $1 58. From present indications no change is likely to occur before the new crop comes in.

FLOUR—The San Francisco market is depressed, and though the telegraph quotes best California brands selling at $5 50 per bbl, we are in receipt of reliable information by last steamer to the effect that no flour commands that rate or has commanded for some three or four weeks, the maximum being $5 20. Oregon millers just now prefer to hold or ship elsewhere rather than take that figure. Our home quotations are without change, though the market is perhaps rather weaker. Standard brands of extra, $5, outside brands, $4 50, fine, $4, superfine, $3 75, according to quality, though small deliveries might be expected by cash buyers.

OATS—The demand is fully as good as last week, owing to a few unusual orders to be filled. The amount offering is not large, and sales are effected more readily at 48c ₱ bushel, including sacks. The surplus yet in the hands of producers is the more to be small, but the near approach of harvest will probably keep prices down to our present quotations.

BARLEY—The supply on hand here and there only moderately supply the demand for local consumption. The transactions during the week have been meagre, generally at 1 45@1 45 ₱ 100 lbs.

HAY—The demand is still dull, and quotations without material change. Good timothy in full supply at $12@13 ₱ ton.

POTATOES—The receipts of the new crop have been quite adequate to supply the demand, and prices have declined to 50c ₱ bushel.

BUTTER—We note some decrease in receipts during the past few days, but stocks on hand are fully sufficient to meet the wants of the trade. We quote good to best at 20@25c ₱ lb for common, Dairies.

EGGS—The market is hardly so abundantly supplied, and offers are quite at 21@22½ ₱ dozen.

BACON—The local trade is abundantly supplied and the export demand is dull, consequently we are unable to note any improvement in prices. Old country cured Hams are firm at 12@14½ ₱ lb; Sides, 10@11½; Shoulders, 8@9c. Trade is inactive.

CHICKENS—The market is well sup lied with spring Chickens, and prices have been down to $1 75 ₱ dozen during the week. We quote to-day at $3 for average lots. Grown Hens and Roosters in better demand at $4 @4 50 ₱ dozen.

HIDES—Much activity is realized in the market, and buyers are freely offering current rates, which are furnished at 6@7c ₱ lb for green, 7@8c for green salted, and 14@15c for dry. Shipments continue large.

WOOL—Our market still continues fairly active, buyers being on the alert to catch all offering at their bids, which are often refused, many growers preferring to hold for an advance, concerning the coming of which there is grave question. However, our latest advices from the East, both by mail and telegraph, show rather more hopefully the state of the market. A New York dispatch of the 16th inst. has as follows: "The Boston Wool market is firm with a fair demand for California. Advices from abroad are favorable, and manufacturers are purchasing constantly. Sales include 625,000 pounds of Spring Cal. at 24@35c, and 67,000 pounds Cape and Australian on private terms." Our quotations are 20@22c ₱ lb, at which the aggregate purchases for the week have been quite large. The receipts up to date have been near 1,000,000 pounds.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamer Ajax will leave this port for San Francisco to morrow (Friday) morning at 9 o'clock. She will take a fair cargo.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Arrived—Glad Tidings, New York; Webfoot, Columbia river; William Sutton, New London.

Sailed—Atalanta, Sydney; Arago, Lovett, Peacock and Concordia, Coos Bay.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Flour—Best extra jobbing, $5 25@5 50; superfine, $4@4 50.

Wheat—2,000 sks good new shipping, $1 65; 400 sacks, $1 65; milling, $1 70@1 72½.

Barley—1,000 sks of new buy feed, $1 10; 500 sacks of same, $1 10; 600 sks old feed, $1 12½; brewing, $1 20@1 30.

Potatoes—1,000 bags Half moon bay sold at $1 40, $1 45, $1 50 and $1 55; Mission, $1@1 25; peach blow, $1 25 @1 30.

Oats—Choice lot of 200 sks from Petaluma arrived today; $1 90 is asked; $50 sks old inferior coast, $1 70; best Cal. and Oregon, $1 80@1 90.

Bran—The mill price has been reduced to $19 per ton.

Ripe Fruit—Prices unchanged; lot of 1,200 baskets of Crawford peaches reported sold (to arrive) at 75c.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers: Buckeye, new model, $130; Buckeye, No. 2, $140; Buckeye, No. 1, $145; Buckeye Self-Raker, $260; Hand Raker, $225; Buckeye Dropper, $225; Clipper No. 2, 130; No. 3, 140, No. 4, 150; No. 5, 155; Sprague Mowers, Nos. 1 and 2 125 and 135; Union, 120; Dodge's Reaper, No. 1, 250; No. 2, 230; Excelsior Reaper and Mower, 230; McCormick's Self-Raker, 200; Self-Raker, 175. Harvesters: Marsh, 242; Eagle Harvesters, 335 and 355. Threshers: Vibrator Thresher, 8-horse mounted power, complete, $876; 10-horse mounted power, complete, $925; Sweepstakes, $660 to $825, with or without mounted power. Pitt's Improved Buffalo, Nos. 1 to 5, $660 to 825; Tornado, 775 to 825; Wheeler's Vindicator, Chain, 500 to 525. Wagons: Salt, 3-inch to 4-inch thimble skein, 150 to 180; Pacific do. 145 to 175; Mitchell, with patent or square bounds and roller brake, 145 to $165.

BAGS AND BAGGING Quotable for standard size, 12@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11½c; Burlap, per yard, 12@18c.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14; dressed, $22 @30; flooring, $27@38; lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@20c per foot.

BROOMS—Common, $2@3 ₱ dozen; extra, $5 50@7.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters, $2@3 75; Jams and Jellies $1 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $4; Raspberries, $4 75; Blackberries $4 50; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $2@3 50; Green Peas, $3 40; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $2@3 75; Tomatoes, $2 75@3.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight; light weight 16c.

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey, $5; Astoria, $4 50; Calcine Plaster, $5; Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 16@16 ctq; seconds, 15c; Sheetings, light, 11¼c; medium, 12½c; standard, 14@15c; heavy, 16c; Shirting, 10c; bleached shirting, 12½@13c; do, 7/8, 13½c; do, 4-4, 15½@16c. Cottonades, 15@30c; linen checks, 18@25c; cambrics, 10c. Cotton flannel, bleached, 16@17½c; do, brown, 12½@13c. Cottonades, light, 20@25c; do, heavy, 28@40c. Denims, 18@30c. Hickory stripes, 14½@20c. Standard prints, 11c; seconds, do, 9c. Delaines, 18@25c. Linseys, 30@35c. Ticks, 12½, 14½@30c; do, 4-4, 20@35c. Bear duck, 24c. Table linen damask, brown, 35@50c; damask bleached, 50@75. Diaper linen, 30@37½c. Sacks, seamless, 35@40c. Alpaca, black, 25@75c. Waterproof, $1 10@1 25. Crash 10@15c. Ginghams—Domestic, 16@20c; Scotch, 22@30c. Lawns, 15@22½. Percales, 20@30.

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½@6c; packed, 7@7½c; Pears, 13@14c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c. Plums, pitless, 16@20c. Raisins, new crop, in box, $3 75; hf do, $4 50@5 75; quarter $4 75@5; eighth boxes, 75@1 25. Zante Currants, 14c; Oregon do, 10@12c; Citron, 55@60c.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 10c; Eastern, 11c; Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ hf bbl, $14 75; do No 2, $13 00; do kits, No. 1, $3 50; do No. 2, $2 75. Salmon, pickled, extra brands, hf bbl, $4 50@5; bbl, $7 50@8; common brands, hf bbls, $4 00@4 25; bbls, $6 50@7 00. Canned spiced, fresh, 2-lb cans, $3 00 per doz; 1-lb, $2 25. Sardines, qrs, $2 50 @2 75; kits, $1 40 to 1 75.

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@5, Rye do $2 50@4. Domestic do $1 50@2. Brandy—French brands $1@12, California brandy $3@6. California wheat whisky $1 37½ and the advance. Gin—Holland, $3 50@5; Old Tom, $2@3 50; Rum—Penn, $3 50@5; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50; New England, $2@2 40; Jamaica, $4@8.

NUTS—Almonds, 25@30c; Brazil, 20c; Filberts, 20c; Hickory, 20c; Peanut, 10c; Pecan, 20c; Walnuts, 15c; do, soft shell, 20c. We note our quotations for Jobbing lots for Devoe's, 55cts; Downer's, 60@65c; Standard, 50c; Crystaline (5-gal cans), 50c; Crystaline (2-gal cans) 55c; Gaslight, 50@52½c; China Nut, 92½@97c; Lard, in cans, extra, $1 35; No 1, $1 10; in barrels, extra, $1 10; Linseed, Pioneer (Salem), raw, $1 10; boiled, $1 15 ₱ gal.

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—Family Blankets: Superfine, $22; XX 13; X 11 50; No. 1 Extra, bound, $10; No 1, bound, $9 50; No 2, 4 point, $8 50; No. 3, 3 point, $6 50. Colored Blankets—3 pt Gray, black border, $5; do, fancy border, $5 50; 3 pt Vicuna, $6 75; 3 pt Scarlet, $; 3 pt Green, $7 75; 3 pt Blue, $6 50; 3 pt Indian Striped, 7; 4 pt Gray, fancy B, 7 25; BB 6 75; 4 pt Vicuna, $7 75; 4 pt Scarlet, 10 50. 4 pt Green, $7 75; 4 pt Blue, $ 50. 4 pt Indian, 9; No. 1 Gray, $6 50. Flannels: Blue Mix Twilled, 50c ₱ yard. Scarlet, 55c; White, plain, 40c; White, twilled, 45c; Shirting, twilled, 30c; Plain Colored 40 to 45; Scarlet, plain, 45c. Cloths: Hard Times, 90 to $1; Cassimeres, 1 10 to 1 25; Cassimeres, 0 4, 60c Doeskins, 1 10 to 1 25; Tweeds, 80 to 90c. Yarn: White and Gray, 1 25; Scarlet, 1 50; Repellant, 1 10. A deduction of 25c ₱ pair on Blankets when sold by the bale.

NAILS—Quotable 10 ₱ 100 lbs per keg, $6 75; 8d 25c per keg advance; 6d, 50c per keg advance; 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance; cut spikes, 50c per keg advance on the price of 10d; fence, 25c per keg advance on same size of common nails; finishing and brads, 50c per keg advance on same size of common nails; box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails.

PAINTS—We quote market jobbing lots for Averill's chemical pur gal, $2 75; Atlantic, 13½@14; Bartlett, 11 @12; North River, 11; Greenback, 10½; French zinc white, 10; Devoe's zinc white, 12; lampblack, Eddy's, 50 @60; Germantown, 45@50; ordinary, 25@30; Venetian red, 6@8; Harve Grâce, 5@7; red lead, 12½@13; Litharge, 13@14. Fire proof, 5@6 cents.

RICE—China, 7½@8c; Patna, 8c; Island 10c; Carolina, 12½.

ROPE—Market firm at 20c ₱ lb in jobbing lots.

SALT—Ground Rock, $17 ₱ ton; Carmen Island, $22 @23; Liverpool coarse, $26, fine, $30@37 50.

SYRUP—A fair demand exists at prices ranging from, in kegs, 70@72½c; hf bbls, 65@67½c; bbls, 62½@65c.

SALERATUS—Barnum's, 8½@9c; Donnelly's, 8½@9c; Babbitt's, 10@10½c.

SOAP—Quotable firm for B. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 7@7½c.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c; pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 1-lb papers, 11½c; silver gloss, 8-lb boxes, 12½c; 1-lb papers, 13c; corn, 1 lb papers, 13c.

SPICES—Pepper and Allspice, in grain 25c; Cinnamon 45@50; Cloves, 35@50c; Nutmegs, $1 20@1 25. Spices in glass: Pepper, Ginger and Allspice, $1 50 ₱ doz. Cinnamon, $2; Mustard $1 75.

SUGARS—The market to-day is weak for Island at 9@10¼c; Yellow and Golden C, in bbls, 10½@10½c; in hf bbls ¼c higher; Crushed, 12½@13½c; in bbls; hf bbls 12½@13; Powdered, 12½@13.

TEAS—Are Steady on hand good, with demand dull at the following ranges: young hyson, 60@65c; 30 per ₱ black, 50@60c per ₱; Japan, in papers, 50@62c per ₱; lacquered box, 65c to 80c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ₱ gal.

TEAS—Are Steady on hand good, with demand dull at the following ranges: young hyson, 60@65c; 30 per ₱ black, 50@60c per ₱; Japan, in papers, 50@62c per ₱; lacquered box, 65c to 80c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ₱ gal.

YEAST POWDERS—Preston & Merrill, $2@2 75. Rumford's, $1@2; Judge's, 2 25@2 50; Donnelly's, $2 50@2 75.

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco, $65; refined bar, ₱ lb, 6½c; Sheet 14 to 20, 9½c; do 24 to 27, 10c. Copper—Sheathing, ₱ lb, 42c, do Yellow 49c; do bronzed tinned, 52c; do old, 18c. Tin plates: Plates charcoal, IX per box, $19 50; do IC char, $17 50; Roofing Plates, $17. Banca Tin slabs ₱ lb, 36½c. Steel—English cast steel ₱ lb 18c. Lead—Pig ₱ lb 9c 10c, Sheet 15c; Pipe 12, Bar 12@12½. Zinc—Sheets ₱ lb 14c. Babbit metal, 30@40. Quicksilver, 95c. Pressed ware has advanced 25@30 ₱ c.

S.T-1860-X.

IS PURELY A VEGETABLE PREPARATION, composed simply of well-known ROOTS, HERBS, and FRUITS, combined with other properties, which in their nature are Cathartic, Alterative, Nutritious, Diuretic, Alterative and Anti-Bilious. The whole is preserved in a sufficient quantity of spirit from the SUGAR CANE to keep them in any climate, which makes the

PLANTATION BITTERS

one of the most delightful Tonics and Cathartics in the world. They are intended strictly as a

Domestic Tonic,

only to be used as a medicine, and always according to directions.

They are the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. They act upon a diseased liver, and stimulate to such a degree, that a healthy action is at once brought about. As a remedy to which the appetite, enfeebled, it is surpassing every other stimulant. As a Spring and Summer Tonic, they have no equal. They are a mild and gentle Purgative as well as Tonic. They purify the Blood. They are a splendid Appetizer. They make the weak strong. They purify and invigorate. They cure Dyspepsia, Constipation and Biliousness. They act as a specific in all species of disorders which undermine the bodily strength and break down the animal spirits.

Depot, 53 Park Place, New York.

LYON'S KATHAIRON

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

It promotes the GROWTH, PRESERVES the COLOR, and increases the Vigor and BEAUTY of the HAIR.

OVER THIRTY YEARS AGO LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "KATHRO," signifying to *cleanse, purify, regenerate, or restore.* The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the GROWTH and BEAUTY OF THE HAIR. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the SAME IN QUANTITY AND QUALITY as it was over a QUARTER of a CENTURY Ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only 50 Cents per Bottle.

Woman's Glory is Her Hair.
LYON'S
KATHAIRON

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL

CORBETT FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,

DEALER IN

Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,

THE BEST IN USE.

SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

MINERS' GOODS,

NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS AXES, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Notice.

ORDINANCE 1173—SECTION 1 THAT THE occupants of any premises, and the owners or agents of any unoccupied premises, fronting or abutting on any street, the roadway of which has been improved by macadamizing, planking or the extent of fourteen or more feet, or paved with Nicolson pavement, be and they are hereby, required, at their own expense, to clean the street in front of or abutting upon their respective lots or premises, by scraping, sweeping and removing the dirt, on Friday or Saturday of each week during the year; the dirt so removed to be deposited in such place or places as the Street Commissioner shall designate.

SEC. 2. A failure to comply with the provisions of sect on one of this Ordinance shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before the Police Judge, the offender, or offenders, shall be subject to a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty dollars for each and every offense.

The citizens are hereby notified that failure to comply with the provisions of sect on one of this Ordinance, and after Saturday, July 26th inst., complaint will be made before the Police Court.

By order of the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

ROBT. A. HABERSHAM,
Supt. of Streets.

Portland, July 7, 1873. d7

For Sydney, Melbourne and New Zealand.

THE A 1 ENGLISH BARK

FORWARD,

CAPT. WM. WHYTE,

Will have dispatch for Sydney, N. S. W. Freight for Melbourne and New Zealand will be forwarded from Sydney at the expense of the vessel.

For freight or passage, (having superior accommodations,) apply to the CAPTAIN on board, or

J. McCRAKEN & CO.

j9d3awlm

Hotels and Restaurants.

The Seaside House!

CLATSOP BEACH.

MR. C. H. DEXTER, FORMERLY OF THE Cliff House, San Francisco, has leased the

NEW AND ELEGANT HOTEL,

Recently erected by Ben Holladay, Esq., upon the site of the old Summer House, at Clatsop Beach. The house is elegantly furnished, and possesses all modern improvements. A large and spacious Dining Room, Billiard Room, extensive Parlors, Bath Rooms, Rooms en suite, etc., well arranged for the comforts of Guests. The Grounds are beautifully laid out. A full supply

Race Track with Shell Drive,
Croquet Ground,
Children's Play Ground,
Swings, Etc.

BOATS upon the river; plenty of

Trout Fishing.

SPLENDID STABLES and Fine Horses for Equestrians.

BATHING HOUSES for SALT WATER BATHING.

And, in fact, everything necessary for the Pleasure Seeker, the Tourist and the Invalid. Ocean, Mountain, Forest and River Scenery, combined, make this the finest Place of Resort in the World. The climate is genial—never subject to extremes of heat or cold—and one of the healthiest places on the Globe. The Table will be unexcelled, and the subscriber pledges himself that nothing will be left undone for the pleasure and comfort of his patrons.

Terms moderate and satisfactory.

Open for the reception of guests on and after June 15th.

CHARLES H. DEXTER.

BAY VIEW HOUSE.

AT UNITY, BAKER'S BAY, W. T.

(Fifteen Miles Northwest of Astoria.)

JOHN HUNTER, Proprietor.

THIS FAVORITE RESORT HAS BEEN THOROughly renovated and refurnished.

OYSTERS, CLAMS, FISH fresh daily and in every style desired. All that the markets afford will be furnished patrons of the house. No pains spared to make guests entirely at home. The House is only one and a half miles from the Ocean Beach, where anglers may enjoy rare sport. Boats, carrying passengers, will ply between Unity and Astoria, connecting with Columbia river boats. Tri weekly stages run between Unity and Shoalwater Bay.

METROPOLIS HOTEL,

CORNER FRONT AND SALMON STREETS.

D. D. BUNNELL, PROP'R.

Dining-Room conducted by J. T. BLISS & SON. Board, $5 00; Board and Room, $6 50 and upwards.

BEST HOUSE IN THE CITY. OPEN ALL NIGHT. FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.

THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE!

FRONT ST., BET. MAIN AND MADISON.

NO DECEPTION THERE.

HI-YOU MUCK-A-MUCK AND HERE'S YOUR HILL OF FARE:

THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; ALSO for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every day, and Fresh Fish, Hot Rolls and Cake in abundance. Plenty of Tea and Coffee every day for Dinner, and Hiyou Syke's Ale on Sunday. Hurry up, and none of your sneering at CHEAP BOARDING HOUSES. Now's the time to get the wrinkles taken out of your bellies, after the hard winter.

Board and Lodging...$5 00 | Board.....$4 00

I am ready for the BONE and SINEW of the country. Persons in want of HELP please call.

LOVE'S HOTEL,

LEWIS LOVE, Prop'r,

First street, between Main and Madison.

THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN REMODELED AND Refitted throughout with New Furniture. Table is supplied with the best. Charges liberal.

TACOMA HOUSE,

Olympia, W. T.,

THOMAS JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE LARGEST AND OLDEST ESTABLISHED house in the city. EVERY ACCOMMODATION FOR GUESTS. Be sure to call when in the city. a17

Chemeketa Hotel,

SALEM.

WESTLEY GRAVES.....Proprietor.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOTEL IN OREGON. Free Coach to the house.

Markets.

Washington Market,

HENRY WATKINS

HAS OPENED THE ABOVE MARKET CORNER of Washington and Second streets.

Kosher Beef

Of the first quality, and the BEST MEATS in the markets always on hand.

CHRIS. SCHMIDT.

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door east of Third.

Portland Market.

E. H. CARLING,

SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON.

PORTLAND Library Association,

ROOMS,

CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,

OVER LAND & TILTON'S BANK.

NEARLY 6,000 VOLUMES AND OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Membership Free to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00 payable Quarterly.

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM S. LADD,
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER,
MATTHEW P. DEADY,
L. H. WAKEFIELD,
W. H. BRACKETT,
ADDISON G. GIBBS,
C. H. LEWIS,
M. W. FECHHEIMER,
H. FAILING,
L. BLUM.

L. H. WAKEFIELD, President.